

GIRLS! DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR, DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY

TRY THIS! HAIR GETS THICK, GLOSSY, WAVY AND BEAUTIFUL AT ONCE.

Immediate?—Yes! Certain?—that's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a Dandeline hair cleanser. Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Dandeline and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Dandeline dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a small bottle of Knowlton's Dandeline from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents.

GALLUP.

Rev. S. B. Geddy filled his regular appointment here Sunday, preaching a very interesting sermon to a large and attentive audience. His subject was "The Second Coming of Christ."

Miss Sallie Gearhart spent Sunday with home folks in Louisa.

The infant child of Joe P. Chapman died at Chapman last Saturday.

O. D. Garred of Huntington and L. T. McClure of Louisa were business visitors here last week.

Rev. and Mrs. S. B. Geddy were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClure Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Chapman of Beaver creek were here visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fugate.

Mrs. A. T. Shannon was in Louisa Saturday.

Harvey Belcher died at his home on Griffiths creek Friday. Interment at Wallace graveyard Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Childers were callers at the home of Mrs. A. T. Shannon.

An oil rig was brought to Chapman last week and work on the drilling was begun Monday.

T. J. Chapman has moved his family to Ashland where he has employment. F. C. McClure was a business visitor in Louisa Wednesday.

Alger Chapman of Huntington, is here visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Chapman.

Miss Lena Black of Dublin is here the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. G. McClure.

Misses Sallie Gearhart and Marie Roberts were guests of Mrs. Wm. Childers at Chapman Thursday.

Lucien Smith of Prichard, W. Va., was a visitor in Gallup Saturday.

COSMOS AND PANSIES.

CADMUS.

In spite of the weather conditions there is not regularly a vacant seat at Green Valley school.

There will be church at Green Valley the fourth Sunday.

In spite of the bad weather the farmers are having to go to their fields and gather corn.

Wm. Belcher is opening up a new coal mine near Cadmus.

Theodore Chadwick will leave soon for Mitchins where he expects to find his fortune.

Cenard Jordan was seen on Poorhouse Branch Sunday.

Theodore Chadwick and Conard Jordan visited Green Valley school last week and they say had a very nice time.

Prof. Cunningham was heard lamenting over the creek being frozen over. The business of catching muskrats will soon be over.

Monroe Adams was visiting his uncle, Wm. Ekers Saturday and Sunday.

Henry Ekers is going to Portsmouth where he has employment.

Luther Prince says that he is having the time of his life at Green Valley school.

Miss Audrey Harmon, while riding on a sleigh at Green Valley one day last week, received some bad bruises when the sleigh she was riding in turned turtle.

The coal mines of Cadmus are doing very good business if there is lots of snow.

Edgar Riffe and Lyman Riley left Sunday for Portsmouth where they expect to get higher wages.

Monroe Adams expects to go to Keokuk soon.

Miss Esta Prince, Opal and Marie Riley were visiting Miss Anna Belle Ekers Sunday.

Monroe Adams, Henry Ekers and Conard Jordan were at Cadmus Saturday.

Henry Ekers says if the weather doesn't get better he is going to try running his Ford in the snow.

Prof. Cunningham's arm that was broken last week, is getting better.

BUFFALO WILLIE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the business conducted under the name of V. B. Shortridge & Company, and as Shortridge & Woods, is discontinued and now in process of settlement, and all persons having accounts due either of said firms, are hereby notified to settle without delay. V. B. SHORTRIDGE, Glenwood, Ky.

High School students receive credit for work in music. Graduating Diplomas granted by K. N. C.

MAKE YOUR MUSIC MEAN SOMETHING TO YOU!

PUPILS ENROLLING EVERY DAY

MusiC

KENTUCKY NORMAL COLLEGE
Louisa, Kentucky
PIANO HARMONY
VIOLIN INTERPRETATION
ORCHESTRA COUNTERPOINT
HISTORY OF MUSIC

High School students receive credit for work in music. Graduating Diplomas granted by K. N. C.

MAKE YOUR MUSIC MEAN SOMETHING TO YOU!

PUPILS ENROLLING EVERY DAY

Kentucky Oil Pioneers.

Twenty years ago, with the crude instruments of the time, Dr. Elmer Northcutt set out to prove his belief that there was oil in Kentucky. Against the pessimistic outlook he fought. And found oil—lots of it.

Today with the oil industry flourishing in Eastern Kentucky he sees a still more optimistic outlook.

"Development in Kentucky is only beginning," Dr. Northcutt declared. "The best wells have not been drilled. The largest pools are still untouched."

Dr. Northcutt says that the oil men of the present in this State cannot realize the difficulties which faced the men who blazed the trail. There are troubles now, and many of them. But the future, he says, is bright, and things are shaping entirely in favor of the industry.

Work Against Hardships.

"The oil wells now are necessarily being built near railroads, near boarding houses, and where big leases can be obtained. Bad roads have hurt the operators as they work their way in the new-found field. It is hard to get casings for drilling, tubing for wells and machinery. But the oil men are battling with the difficulties as we battle with the greater obstacles when there were greater hardships and the outcome was not so sure."

"There is a cheery outlook in the other direction," he said. "Now virtually any development in the State of Kentucky is valuable. A lucky strike either of oil or gas, counts for gain. Gasoline plants are now being built in Menifee county and soon will be built in the other fields of Kentucky. Two gas lines extend through the field. Pipe lines from Monticello, in Wayne county, have been built to Parkersburg, W. Va., and there is steady market for oil."

Dr. Northcutt is not a believer in luck in the oil business. The lucky strike idea is wrong, he says. The Kentucky field was not run into by accident to make men rich by a turn of fate.

Science Blazed Way.

The finding of oil in this State was brought about by cold study. Geological survey showed where linen and structures were located. Hard work on the part of the pioneers brought the oil developments. This is his explanation of the exploration of the oil field.

Dr. Northcutt's story of the beginning in Kentucky gives an insight into the troubles met by the pathfinders as they drilled in fields unknown to the oil world.

"George Dimmick, sat in his office in Pittsburg, and figured. This was the beginning of the oil industry in Kentucky. He drew on his map the now well known line of the 43 degrees from the oil fields of Pennsylvania down through the state of Ohio, to a point at Beaver in the Sandy Valley in Floyd county. From a geological viewpoint, there should, there had to be oil in Kentucky. On this premise he purchased leases."

Loaded in pushboats his machinery was pushed by poles seventy miles up to the Sandy river to the point chosen for the first oil development in that part of Kentucky. The first well was a gusher and flowed over the top of the derrick. The first production was put on the market and sold.

"A few years later, I left Valley View and began development in the Ragland field. Mr. Dimmick and I were both believers in geology. We did our own drawing, located our own lines and structures. The discoveries of the early oil field in Kentucky did not occur by any accident but by careful study and hard work."

"An usual pioneering, the expense of obtaining the market for the oil, lack of pipe lines and accessibility to refineries made it a losing proposition to the pioneer operators at that time. Spending of enough money to build the land for running of oil was objected to."

"A few years later, with the largest steel tank at that time in the world full of oil, I found myself practically 'broke'. There was no market, no pipe lines. It could not be sold."

"In what is now the Menifee gas field, the first well drilled at that time met a problem in that it was utterly impossible to obtain a market for gas or oil. There was absolutely no market. Today, from this field, gas is being produced which for twelve years has supplied Lexington, Winchester and Mt. Sterling."

"It required large sums of money to build the Cumberland Pipe Line which now takes oil from the field. This was done after the pioneer had proved that there was oil in abundance here."

"Eighteen years ago I told Al Jennings, in Pittsburg, that there was oil in Kentucky."

"How far is it from a pipe line," he asked.

"Ninety miles," I was forced to answer.

"He declared that the oil was not yet ready for development. These are some of the rebuffs of the early days. But now for the oil man, the sun shines bright in old Kentucky."

Dr. Northcutt has drilled in Bath, Menifee, Exhite, Powell, Rockcastle, Johnson, Knott and Rowan counties, and declares that only in Rockcastle, Johnson Knott and Rowan counties, has there been failure to strike oil.

MATTIE.

Our school will close here Saturday January 26.

J. D. Ball C. C. and Roy Hay made a business trip to Louisa Monday.

John Ball was on our creek Thursday last.

Mahala Moore spent Saturday night with Jettie Hays.

Mrs. Dollie Miller spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mrs. H. K. Moore.

Roy Stanbaugh was visiting his sister, Mrs. Jay Moore one day last week.

Byrd Childers, wife and children, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hays.

H. K. Moore spent Saturday night and Sunday with home folks.

Minnie Moore spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. J. D. Ball.

Willie and Bessie Moore entertained quite a number of young folks Friday night.

Burnie Ball spent Sunday with Everett Ball.

MRS. GRUNDY.

I have sold my store at Torchlight. All who owe accounts there will please call at the old stand and pay up. Do not delay, as I must get these matters closed.

ANDY NEW, JR.

Correct—Attest:
ROBERT DIXON,
AUGUSTUS SNYDER,
R. L. VINSON,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Jan. 1918.
My commission expires Dec. 22, 1921.
AL CARTER,
Notary Public.

STATE OF KENTUCKY
COUNTY OF LAWRENCE, ss.
I, M. F. Conley, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. F. CONLEY, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
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AUGUSTUS SNYDER,
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AUGUSTUS SNYDER,
R. L. VINSON,
Directors.

"CASCARETS" FOR A COLD, BAD BREATH OR SICK HEADACHE

BEST FOR LIVER AND BOWELS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, SOUR STOMACH AND CONSTIPATION.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Furred Tongue, Bad Colds, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—Indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give you a constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then to keep their stomach, liver and bowels regulated, and never know a miserable moment. Don't forget the children—little insides need a good gentle cleansing, too.

DOGS OR SHEEP?

Editor News:—The 1917 Financial Statement published last week, shows that Lawrence county paid \$671 for sheep killed by dogs. The Assessor's book shows 1363 dogs over four months old in the county that year. As a matter of fact more sheep were killed than dogs were killed, and there were more than 1363 dogs over four months old in the county. Also the Sheriff did not collect in the full number of dogs. Many dogs become intangible when the Assessor calls and many dogs are listed which the Sheriff cannot collect on. This condition prevails all over the State.

It is commendable to say that Lawrence produced more sheep than any county in the Big Sandy valley. But for worthless dogs she would have produced many times more sheep.

Dogs and sheep cannot be raised together. Where dogs are plentiful sheep are scarce. To illustrate: Last year Jefferson county had only 688 sheep. However, she had 3147 dogs. Fayette county had only 638 dogs but she had 10,419 sheep. So to Clark had only 833 dogs but she had 12,615 sheep.

Lawrence should and could produce as many sheep as Clark but for worthless dogs.

A state-wide movement is on to license sheep production. The farmers of Lawrence county should encourage this movement by writing Hon. Erik H. Harris, their Representative, and asking his aid.

The idea is not to abolish dogs nor to separate them from their master but rather to keep them together. An increased tax will do but little, if any good. What we need is a law requiring that all dogs be kept on the premises of the owner and attach a penalty if the owner permits them to stray away. Farmers are required to pay a penalty if they permit their stock to stray from their premises, so why not make this rule apply to dog owners?

Sheep raising can be made very profitable to the mountain farmer, because but little grain feed is required. Not in years will the sheep and wool be equal to the demand. Top notch prices will prevail long after peace is declared, so now is the time for the farmer to get together and make conditions favorable for an increased sheep production. WARREN M. MEEK, Auxler, Ky.

MADE IN HADES.

Confidential Letter From the Devil to the Kaiser.

Decoded by Eugene H. Blake, of The Vigilantes.

Infernal Palace, Hades.

My Dear Wilhelm:

Before we started this war, any article would sell faster in almost any country if "Made in Germany" was stamped on it. Confidence in the product and good will for Germany put the eagle across dead easy.

But now, my dear Kaiser, look what you've done. You have:

Plans for World Conquest—"Made in Germany."

Scrapped Belgian Treaties—"Made in Germany."

Poison Gases—"Made in Germany."

Plans for Armenian Holy Wars—"Made in Germany."

Lunatic Murders—"Made in Germany."

Broken Pledges—"Made in Germany."

Hymns of Hate—"Made in Germany."

Zepellin Baby-brainings—"Made in Germany."

Barbarities Against Prisoners—"Made in Germany."

It's good work, all right, Wilhelm, but if you don't watch out you never can use "Made in Germany" after the war. You gotta think about that, you know. An article marked "Made in Hades" would sell better.

I'm afraid we've overdone this thing. What do you think?

Faithfully your friend and ally,

PRINCE OF DEVILS AND KAISER OF HADES.

You Can't Go Barefooted

You are lucky if you can be fitted from that part of our stock bought before the big advance in shoes. Come in and try.

We have a very large line of shoes for men, women and children. Don't forget this fact when you need shoes. BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY.

Mrs. W. M. Justice

DEPARTMENT STORE

Louisa 1-1 Kentucky

THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK

CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK

CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK

CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK

CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

FEED, MEAL AND FLOUR

THE BIG SANDY MILLING COMPANY HAS LATELY CHANGED HANDS; AS STATED IN A RECENT ISSUE OF THIS PAPER, AND NOW HAS IN A SUPPLY OF GRAIN AND IS READY TO TAKE CARE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS IN AN EFFICIENT A MANNER AS POSSIBLE. WE AIM TO GIVE A SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE" IS OUR MOTTO. SO WHEN IN NEED OF ANY KIND OF FEED, MEAL OR FLOUR, COME AND SEE US AND

Get our Prices before you Buy

WE HAVE RECENTLY REPAIRED OUR MILL WITH NEW BOLTING CLOTHES AND ARE PREPARED TO GIVE YOU GOOD FLOUR, IF YOUR WHEAT IS GOOD ACCORDINGLY. WE STILL GIVE A BARREL OF FLOUR FOR FIVE BUSHELS OF GOOD WHEAT, CUSTOMER PAYING FOR THE BARREL OR FURNISHING SAME FOR HIS FLOUR.

Big Sandy Milling Company

By M. A. HAY, Secretary

Sheriff's Sale For Taxes.

Its virtue of taxes due the County and State for the year 1917 I, or one of my deputies will on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1918, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Louisa, expose to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due the aforesaid and costs, to-wit:

Acres Land	Valued At	Tax, cost and penalty
Dr. Frank Ramsey.....13	\$ 100	\$ 2.46
Sarah Copley.....4000	4000	49.70
Jane Y. Curry.....30	200	4.01
W. J. Lyons.....30	180	4.41
Edison Fields, Inc.....75	500	9.27
O. G. Curry.....30	100	3.44
T. P. Mend.....7	100	5.03
Frank Ramsey.....16	75	2.93
J. S. McNeil.....100	400	10.20
Main Island Creek Coal Co.....200	500	8.21
Zack Phillips.....town lot	500	10.77

Levied upon as the property of the above named to satisfy taxes, costs and penalties as above set out. Given under my hand this 22nd day of January 1918.

R. A. STONE, Sheriff.

By THOS SHANNON, D. R.

Buy a \$4.12

War Savings Stamp

The Government Buys it Back \$5.00

from You January 1st, 1923 for

Buy it outright for Cash, Or buy it on the Installment Plan 25c down and 25c whenever you feel like saving it

HOW TO BUY IT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

Go to the Louisa National Bank or a post office.

Pay 25c, and the man at the window will give you a U. S. Government Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card.

Paste your Thrift Stamp on your Thrift Card.

When you feel like saving another 25c buy another Thrift Stamp and paste it on the same card.

When you have pasted sixteen of these Thrift Stamps on your Thrift Card, take this card to the bank or post office; and give it to the man at window.

Also give him 12c.

The man will give you a W. S. S.—a U. S. War Saving Stamp. He will also give you a U. S. War Savings Certificate.

A War Savings Certificate is a pocket-size folder on which you can paste 20 War Savings Stamps.

Paste your War Savings Stamp in your War Savings Certificate. Take good care of it as it is worth \$4.12.

On January 1st, 1923, the U. S. Government buys this War Savings Certificate from you, paying you \$5.

This profit is 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

Every man, woman and child, in this hour of our country's need, should save money and buy as many War Savings Stamps as he can afford.

You can buy your second War Saving Stamp on the installment plan just as you bought your first one, and more if you desire up to \$2.40.

HOW TO BUY IT FOR CASH

If you do not wish to buy War Savings Stamps on the installment plan as explained above, you simply pay \$4.12 at the War Savings Stamp window of any bank or post office.

War Savings Stamps cost \$4.12 during January.

During February they will cost \$4.13.

After February they go up one cent more each month.

So you see, the sooner you buy your stamps the more money you earn on them.

If you should need your money at any time, take your War Savings Certificate to any post office.

The post office will give you back your money plus accrued interest at the rate of about 3 per cent.

If you do not wish to go to a post office or a bank to buy a Thrift Stamp write on a postcard, "Send me one 25-cent Thrift Stamp, C. O. D."

Address the postcard to "The Post Office."

Next day your postman will bring you a 25-cent Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card, C. O. D.

Start buying a War Savings Stamp TO-DAY.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Woman's Extravagance.

How much is said and written upon this subject. Now pause a moment, my dear masculine friend and let us compare notes. We will be very brief and only enumerate a very, very few so as to tax your patience in the least or weary you with many comparisons. To be sure our ribbons and laces look like great prodigious piles to your unfeminine eyes, but could not the entire lot be bought with the money thrown away in your cigar stumps? Our darling bonnets, though so objectionable in this age, admit cost of a trifle, but so do all those luxuries over the way where we, poor souls, never care nor dare to enter, and where even you for modesty's sake have to go in at the back entrance. Our elks and satins cost less than your broadcloth. Now saying nothing of your clubs, and the secret associations to which you belong, but ignoring all those where are all the superfluities of our sex, I would ask, not overbalanced by those of your own? Where are they?

Home Sweet Home.

Stay, stay at home, my heart and rest! Homeseeking hearts are happiest. For those that wander they know not where.

Are full of trouble and full of care. To stay at home is best.

Home—the name made dear by sacred associations—the place where childhood feet take their first faltering steps, and infant minds receive their first ideas, where lessons of love and truth, or right and wrong, of faith and hope and purity are imprinted upon the plastic heart, and all the sorrows and perplexities of after life are inefficient to quite efface these first deep true impressions. Sweet home where the mother's gentle hands prepare the little domestic comforts that a father's love provides, and filial affection is the silver link, the golden tie that binds the household band together. Trials may come and clouds may lower, but in the seclusion of home remains sweet healing for the wounds that brave and sensitive hearts take from a disquieting world. There these hurts and distresses may be confidently revealed and a sovereign remedy found in its unguessed, trusting faith. There a child's pure kiss or the touch of dimpled fingers may revive a soul on the verge of despair and in the home the briefest rest dreams become more golden, the rarest pleasures more intense, the tenderest joys more serene. And if, in the varying degrees of fortune, its loving shelter must be abandoned, how the exile falls about his heart as the traveler does the clock the memory of his life's and flower, its loves and hopes and kind ones.

There the holiest influences exist, the holiest impulses find expression and there have been born the chords and forty sentiments that have made a whole world better.

The bitterest tears shed over graves are for words left unspoken and for deeds left undone. "She never knew that I loved her," "He never knew what he was to me," "I always meant to make more of our friendship," "I did not know what he was to me until he was gone." Such words are the poisoned arrows which cruel death shoots from the floor of the sepulchre.

There is an enduring tenderness in the love of a mother for her son that transcends all other affections of the heart.

A crust of bread, a pitcher of water, a log cabin and perfect love—there is happiness for you, whether the day be

rainy or shiny. It is the heart that makes the home, whether the eye rests on a potato patch or a flower garden. The heart makes home precious, and it is the only thing that can. Home is where the heart is.

While a man admires womanly beauty yet in married life he admires much more—a good square meal cooked by his loving spouse; and let a wife have little or no knowledge of the art of housekeeping, domestic economy, or be a poor cook, be her husband rich as Croesus, her lot will be miserable.

Says a father of a small family to us, "My boys and girls do not leave the door yard after seven o'clock unless especially detained." We know of others that adopted that same rule years ago and their sons and daughters are today a credit to the town and community. There is nothing elevating in a street education.

That was a wise remark of a wise woman who said she counted the battle of life won if, at fifteen, her children preferred their home to any other place in the world—a remark not true without exceptions, but to be trusted a great while.

The mother who allows the blues and sulks to overshadow the home, who allows herself to be moody and discontented, falls in a chief duty and places a handicap on her husband and children in the race of life.

The more a woman allows her sons to spend time and money in dressing themselves up, the more it will cost their father some day to dress them down.

MOTHER! YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, FROM CONSTIPATION

IF TONGUE IS COATED, BREATH BAD, STOMACH SOUR, CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" at once—in ten minutes today often saves a sick child tomorrow. If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, listless, restless, eating and acting naturally, look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, some throat full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels with out griping and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative" because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Return 7 empty Golden Dream cans with this to your grocer and get a one-pound can of Golden Dream coffee free, which is equal to a saving of 1 cent per pound. BETTERTON-REDFEET COFFEE CO. 1-18-17.



Uncle Sam's Big Problem

Great warships are sliding off the ways; navy yards and arsenals are working night and day; great mobilization camps have sprung up as if by magic; everywhere the vast resources of the nation are being gathered together for war.

All over the Bell telephone system, thousands of employees are busily engaged in all branches of telephone activity, to keep pace with the extraordinary telephone needs of the nation. And with the increased government requirements, there will be greater demands for commercial service.

Not only is there a great scarcity of materials, but there is a similar scarcity of labor, and already many of our technically trained employees—men who cannot be replaced—have joined the colors.

As time goes on it will become continually harder to meet the demands for service from governmental and private sources—and our patrons are asked to bear this extraordinary condition in mind and to help in the maintenance of an effective service by eliminating all wasteful use of telephone lines and equipment.

Our loyal organization is working continuously to meet the increased demands and your patient co-operation will prove helpful and inspiring.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF KENTUCKY, Inc.



PAINTSVILLE, KY. A. A. SHARP, MANAGER

Save

1-wheat

use more corn

2-meat

use more fish & beans

3-fats

use just enough

4-sugar

use syrups

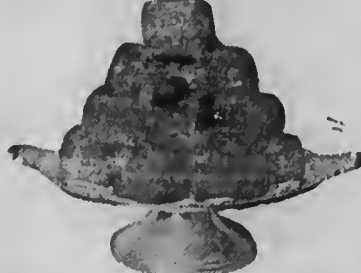
and serve
the cause of freedom
U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

WHEATLESS BISCUITS.



Parched cornmeal is the feature of these excellent wheatless biscuits. First, the cornmeal—one-half a cup—is put in a shallow pan placed in the oven and stirred frequently until it is a delicate brown. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, some throat full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels with out griping and you have a well, playful child again.

DELICIOUS CORN MUFFINS.



Here's an old fashioned recipe for corn muffins that has recently been revived and used with unusual success in several of the larger New York hotels: To make three and a half dozen muffins take one quart milk, six ounces butter substitute, twelve ounces of light syrup or honey, four eggs, pinch of salt, two ounces baking powder, one and a half pounds cornmeal and one and a half pounds rye flour. The butter and syrup should be thoroughly mixed; then add the eggs gradually. Pour in the milk and add the rye flour mixed with cornmeal and baking powder.

FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical. Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England, and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

Wheat Savings—They must have wheat. It is the best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can support those who are fighting our battles. And we can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only to substitute another food just as good.

The Corn of Plenty—Corn is that food. There's a surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty as was never known before. Tons of corn. Trainloads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and above our regular needs. All we have to do is to learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made so easy? And so clear?

America's Own Food—Corn! It is the true American food. The Indians, hardest of races, lived on it. Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a continent. For a great section of our country it has long been the staff of life. How well the South fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America win a world war.

Learn Something—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread. It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it, dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked. Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

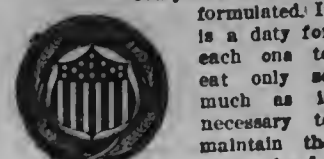
Corn's Infinite Variety—How much do you know about corn? About how good it is? About the many delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss by not knowing more about it? Here are a few of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or breakfast. Here are some suggestions:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| HOT BREADS | DESSERTS |
| Boston brown bread. | Corn-meal molasses cake. |
| Hoecake. | Apple corn bread. |
| Muffins. | Dumplings. |
| Biscuits. | Gingerbread. |
| Griddle cakes. | Fruit gems. |
| Waffles. | |
| HEARTY DISHES | |
| Corn-meal croquettes. | Corn-meal fish balls. |
| Meat and corn-meal dumplings. | |
| Italian polenta. | Tamales. |
- The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the Department of Agriculture.

This Is Our Winter of Test

SERVING food is a local problem for each community. Prices and definite rules for every one cannot be formulated. It is a duty for each one to eat only so much as is necessary to maintain the human body healthy and strong. This winter of 1918 is the period when it is to be tested, here in America whether our people are capable of voluntary individual sacrifice to save the world. That is the purpose of the organization of the United States Food Administration—by voluntary effort to provide the food that the world needs.



U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live Stock at Enormous Rate, Even Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being asked to conserve their flocks and herds in order to meet Europe's tremendous demands for meats during the war and probably for many years afterward.

The United States food administration reports that American stock raisers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the government in increasing the nation's supply of live stock.

Germany today is probably better supplied with live stock than any other European nation. When the German armies made their big advance into France and then retreated virtually all the cattle in the invaded territory—approximately 1,800,000 head—were driven behind the German lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000 acres of pasture lands have been turned into grain fields—the cattle herds are decreasing rapidly. One of the reasons apparently is the declining maximum price scale adopted by the English as follows: For September, \$17.76 per 100 pounds; October, \$17.23; November and December, \$16.08; January, \$14.40. The effect of these prices was to drive beef animals on the market as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as well as the quality have shown an enormous decline during the war. Where France had 14,807,000 head of cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,311,000, a decrease of 16.6 per cent. And France is today producing only one gallon of milk compared to two and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef because of the lack of necessary feed. Close study of the European meat situation has convinced the Food Administration that the future production of America lies largely in the production of meat producing animals and dairy products rather than in the production of cereals for export when the war will have ceased.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HELPS PAY FOR BREAD

There has been much misunderstanding about the bread program in England. It is true that the Englishman buys a loaf of bread for less than an American can, but it is poorer bread, and the British government is paying \$200,000,000 a year toward the cost of it.

All the grain grown in Great Britain is taken over by the government at an arbitrary price and the imported wheat purchased on the markets at the prevailing market price. This is turned over to the mills by the government at a price that allows the adulterated war bread loaf of four pounds to sell at 18 cents, the two pound loaf at 9 cents and the one pound loaf at 5 cents.

In France, under conditions somewhat similar, but with a larger extraction, the four pound loaf sells for 16 cents.

MAKING MEATLESS DAYS PERMANENT.

In the meatless menu there is a fertile field for developing new and nourishing dishes, according to E. H. Niles, writing in the Hotel Gazette, who believes that the present shortage of meat and fats will not end with the coming of peace, but may grow more acute and continue for five or six years, thus making it worth while to develop menus of grain, vegetables and fish on a more or less permanent basis. Meat can be replaced by cereals and other protein foods, or may be served in very small portions as a flavoring for other food. In making up meatless menus this author finds our American Creole and southern cuisine a broad field for investigation.

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(Not Sunday)
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Your Home Paper and the Best Known Daily Newspaper of This Section.
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AN EXCELLENT COMBINATION!
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BIG SANDY NEWS
Louisville Kentucky

NO INDIGESTION, GAS, OR STOMACH MISERY IN FIVE MINUTES

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" FOR SOUR, ACID, STOMACH, HEART-BURN, DYSPEPSIA.

Time! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eruptions of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest and most certain stomach antidote in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent, case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

OBITUARY.

Arthur Edmond was born in Floyd county, Ky., March 23, 1881 and departed this life December 8, 1917, age 36 years 8 months and 15 days. He was the eldest son of James and Maggie Edmond and grandson of Rev. D. K. Leslie. He was kind and good to all and had no enemies. He was converted 12 years prior to his death, but had backslidden and a short time before his last illness he was reclaimed. He was sick six months and during the time of his last hours on earth his dear mother was the only one with him and he said to her, "Mother I am all right. My little brothers, Irvin and Wesley and the other departed members of our family are with me now." No doubt they came to accompany him to the glory world and on the 8th day of December in company with redeemed loved ones and holy angels his spirit took its flight from this cold world to the haven of eternal rest and his body was consigned to cold mother earth there to sleep until the trumpet of God sound the resurrection of worlds. Then he will come up in the first resurrection on which the second death has no power. He had faced the storms of this life for 36 long years, but on the top of the captured battlements of God's love he can shout victory home at last home at last. No more storms to face, no battles to fight, no mountains to climb, no river to cross. Thank God he can sit down with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and redeemed loved ones and sing of Moses and the Lamb for ever and ever. Weep not, dear mother, sister and brothers, Arthur is at rest, sweet rest. Live good and some sweet by and by, you will meet him on the sunny banks of sweet deliverance, never to part again. Your sympathizing friend and brother,
ADAM HARMAN.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use. Bedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.
NC-135

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Entered at the postoffice at Louisa, Ky., as second-class matter.

Published every Friday by
M. F. CONLEY,
Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Dollar per year.
60 cents for Six Months.
35 cents for Three Months.
Cash in Advance.

Friday, January 25, 1918.

Wonder how many Senators will walk into Bill Stone's German trap?

One of these fine days if President Wilson should give a few minutes attention to one Theodore Roosevelt, who reluctantly backed out of the Presidency in 1904, the said T. R. would be standing up alongside the Chambermaid of the Senate.

Bill Stone's bitter "partisan" speech in the Senate Monday was a deliberate scheme to stir up the animals for the purpose of giving aid and comfort to the Kaiser. How well his scheme shall succeed depends upon how many really wise and patriotic Senators we have.

Senator Stone made a most objectionable speech in the Senate Monday. Democratic leaders made every effort to induce him to not deliver the speech, but he is one of the "willful twelve" and there is no way to stop him except by gassing him or hitting him unmercifully with a big torpedo.

America for Americans! The test of patriotism is on. It is time to separate the sheep from the goats. The bur-burians who stand with the Kaiser should no longer be permitted to breathe the free air of America. Only those who are loyal in this crisis are worthy to receive the protection or toleration of the United States.

The railroads are unable to meet present demands. They have not kept up with the growth of the country because of the unreasonable laws hampering them. They should be reasonably regulated, but not choked to death. No country can prosper without ample railroad facilities and railroads can not exist without making some profit.

President Wilson and his official family are now experiencing what Lincoln had to contend with during the war and what McKinley had to contend with in the Spanish-American war. It is the same experience that comes to all public servants upon whom falls the burden of conducting a war. Criticism from a lot of fellows without capacity to comprehend the magnitude and difficulties of the task, and from narrow and selfish politicians who would take a chance in wrecking the government to elect themselves to office.

A number of banks, insurance companies and other enterprises in the United States that have had the word "German" in their names are dropping it from the titles. The lines are being drawn. Germany is the outlaw among nations. She has broken all her treaties and promises, declining them to be only "scraps of paper." She has forced the world into this awful war. Her nation should, hereafter be a stench in the nostrils of all people who love justice and honor and humanity. "Made in Germany" is a stamp of disgrace now.

Roosevelt's idea of helping to win the war, according to his own specific declaration, is to quarrel about this country being unprepared when the war was forced upon us. He blames all the President except himself for this unpreparedness. What's the use now? It is impossible to undo the past. If Teddy could do that he would go back and start preparations for this war during his seven and a half years as President. He accidentally became the Chief Executive just after the Spanish-American war closed, and one would think from his talk now that he would have seen the need of war preparation at that time. Had he done the wise thing and started the United States at this work, we would now be about ready without having left a fifteen-year job for President Wilson to crowd into one or two years. He is very wise now—he knows we are at war and that we were unprepared when it came. We all know that now. Roosevelt is nothing but a politician and he is concerned not about winning the war, but only about his eternal and everlasting candidacy for the office of President.

The German sympathizer tells you he does not believe the reports of German brutalities—they are only newspaper stories. The Panama canal is only a "newspaper story" so far as we know who have not seen it. These pro-Germans would deny its existence if necessary to excuse the Kaiser and his bestial subjects. 99 out of 100 "newspaper stories" are true. The records of German brutalities in thousands of cases are sworn to by Mayors and other honorable officials of French and Belgian cities and towns who have been eye-witnesses to these atrocities. This precaution is being taken for the purpose of meeting German denials and for writing into history this blackest page of all.

Again, these Kaiser rosters these liberty assassins, will attempt to excuse the wholesale German outrages by telling you that United States soldiers will do the same things. The truth is that one American soldier outraged a woman in France and Gen. Pershing had him court-martialed and shot to death. Contrast this with the German record. More than two hundred thousand innocent girls and women of France and Belgium are held behind the German lines in the worst form of slavery. They are raped and the officers take their choice. The others are left for the private soldiers. The Kaiser wants his soldiers to be beasts and brutes in order to more willingly fight his unholy war. Unlimited license there obtain, throughout the German army and is one of the prizes hung up for the decorated soldiers.

Miss Cester was left Monday for Vaneburg to accept a position as teacher in the commercial department of a school. She recently started to Michigan, but returned home on account of illness.

TELLS OF BURIAL OF U. S. SOLDIERS

General Pershing Sends Official Report of Funeral of American Heroes.

TRIBUTE BY FRENCH GENERAL

Soldiers of France and United States Surround Grave as General Bordeaux Eulogizes Dead—Suggests Monument Inscription.

Washington, D. C.—The war department has received from General Pershing a copy of the record describing the funeral services for the three American soldiers who were killed in the Germans' first trench raid against United States troops on November 3. The papers bear the following endorsement from Major General William L. Sibert:

"Forwarded recommending that the request of General Bordeaux to have the remains of the men left at Bathelmont be favorably considered."

The record, including the address of General Bordeaux, in part says:

"By command of General Bordeaux, French division, the bodies of Corporal Greshum, Private Enright and Private Hay, company F, Sixteenth Infantry, were interred with religious and military ceremony at Bathelmont on the afternoon of November 4.

Improvised Altar Used.

"An altar was improvised and elaborately decorated in the village. The chaplain of a French regiment conducted the church services.

"Following the church ceremony the cortege proceeded to a field adjacent to the village and formed on three sides of a square, the bodies being placed in front of the graves on the fourth side. An American flag, provided by the French, had been placed over the caskets.

"At two o'clock General Bordeaux, accompanied by his full staff, his infantry, artillery and engineer chiefs and a representative of the French corps commander, arrived and took position.

"The troops presented arms and the French band music and band played a funeral march. The chaplain performed the religious ceremony at the graves. Then General Bordeaux advanced to the center of the square and addressed the troops and then the dead. A copy of his address is attached.

"The company of United States infantry fired three volleys and its trumpet sounded taps. All the troops were then marched by the graves, saluting as they passed. General Bordeaux and his staff advanced to the graves, saluted and departed.

"Throughout the ceremony at the graves French batteries from their positions, fired minute guns, over the village at the German trenches.

"The entire ceremony was most impressive."

French Commander's Tribute.

The address of General Bordeaux in part was as follows:

In the name of the Eighteenth division, in the name of the French army, and in the name of France, I bid farewell to Corporal Greshum, Private Enright and Private Hay of the Sixteenth Infantry, American army.

Of their own free will, they had left their happy and prosperous country to come over here. They knew that the war continued in Europe; they knew that the forces fighting for honor, for justice, for civilization were still checked by the prepared forces which are serving the powers of brutal domination, oppression, barbarity. They knew that an effort was still necessary. They wished to give us their help; and also their generous hearts did not forget old historical memories, while others forgot more recent ones.

They ignored nothing of the circumstances. Nothing had been concealed from them—neither the length nor brevity of this war, nor the violence of the battle, nor the dreadfulness of the new weapons, nor the possibility of the foe. Nothing stopped them.

They had accepted to lead a hard and strenuous life; they had crossed the ocean despite great perils; they had taken their place on the front by our side; they have fallen, facing the foe, in a hard and desperate battle to head flight. Honor to them! Their families, their friends and their fellow citizens will be proud when they learn of their death.

Men! These graves, the first to be dug in our national soil, at but a short distance from the enemy, are as a mark of the mighty hand of our allies, firmly clinging to the common task, confirming the will of the people and army of the United States, to fight with us to a finish, ready to sacrifice as long as it will be necessary, until final victory for the noblest of causes, that of the liberty of nations, the weak as well as the mighty.

Thus, the death of this humble corporal and of these two private soldiers appears to us with extraordinary grandeur.

We will, therefore, ask that the mortal remains of these young men be left here, be left to us forever. We will inscribe on their tombs:

"Here lie the first soldiers of the United States Republic to fall on the soil of France for Justice and Liberty."

The passers will stop and uncover their heads. The travelers of France, of the allied countries, of America, the men of heart who will come to visit our battlefield of Lorraine, will go out of their way to come here to bring to these graves the tribute of their respect and of their gratefulness.

Corporal Greshum, Private Enright, Private Hay—in the name of France, I thank you. God receive your souls. Farewell.

Firemen Haul Coal.

Oconto, Wis.—This city saved money on its coal bill recently by getting the fuel at almost cost and then having it hauled by the fire department. The coal was for the public schools and the firemen made good as coal haulers, so the school officials say.

NEED 37,500 NURSES

1,000 Per Cent Increase Is Sought by Government.

Nurses Being Called for Duty to Meet Needs of the United States Army.

Washington.—Thirty-seven thousand five hundred nurses will be needed in the army nurse corps of the medical department, according to present estimates based on an army of 1,500,000 men. The present strength of the corps is about 3,800. Increasing the enrollment by nearly 1,000 per cent in a year is the task confronting the corps.

Daily numbers of nurses are being called for to meet immediate needs in army hospitals in the United States and for duty overseas. The present rate of enrollment does not meet the demands. Hospitals at National Guard and National army camps still need 371 nurses to bring the quotas of all up to the minimum considered necessary—65 each.

In order to get the enrollments up to the needed number some of the requirements heretofore imposed are being waived. According to estimates of the nursing committee of the general medical board of the council of national defense, there are between 80,000 and 90,000 registered nurses in the country and about 200,000 other graduate and practical nurses.

Just as soon as immediate needs of cantonment hospitals have been cared for a reserve of 100 nurses will be organized for emergency service in the United States. Lakewood hotel, Lakewood, N. J., has been leased by the government for use as a general hospital for the army and provisions will be made for housing the reserve nurses there. This hotel has not yet been turned over to the war department, but will be in a week or so. The necessary alterations will be made as soon as practicable and the 100 nurses for the reserve will be needed in addition to the permanent nursing staff of the hospital.

WHAT? BAKE BEANS SANS PORK? IT CAN'T BE DONE

Boston.—After acquiescing in "meatless Tuesdays and Fridays" and "lightness Thursdays and Sundays," the housewives of this city are rebelling against "porkless Saturdays." They are willing to forego roasts of pork, chops and ham and even bacon, but—

How can one cook the famous Puritan starchy, baked beans, without the generous cut of pork snugly nestling in the dish?

It can't be done. So baked beans with the pork grace many a supper table these Saturday nights, and they will right along until Washington sets its inventing genius to work solving the question of porkless baked beans.

SENDS ONLY SON TO WAR

Widow in Straitened Circumstances, Sacrifices Her Sole Support in Cause of Humanity.

Denver, Colo.—Although widowed and in straitened circumstances, Mrs. Clara Doss Burrows, one of the few living descendants of the famous Adams family, urged her only son, Earl Gardner Doss, to enlist for service in Uncle Sam's fighting forces.

The young man is now at the Mass Island Marine corps training station. Young Doss' great-grandfather, Elijah Adams, was among the leaders of the Mohawks, who staged the historic "tea party" in Boston Harbor just prior to the Revolutionary war. His grandfather, Gardner Adams, was a cousin of President John Quincy Adams, and fought in the United States navy throughout the war of 1812. The boy's uncle, another John Quincy Adams, brother of Mrs. Burrows, was with the Union forces in the Civil war.

Mrs. Burrows sacrificed her sole support when young Doss enlisted, but, although she is aged, she declared she would "manage to survive," and was proud that her son had voluntarily offered his services in the cause of humanity. "An Adams couldn't do less," she said.

PARROT SCARES BURGLAR OFF

Raucous Voice From an Adjoining Room Causes Negro to Take to His Heels.

Trenton, N. J.—Rebecca Girman was reading comfortably in the parlor. She heard shambling, heavy footsteps on the icy porch, and the bell jingled emptily.

As the woman opened the door in response to the ring, a negro roughly pushed her aside, flung pepper into her eyes, and leveled an automatic gun at her.

"Just one yell and I shoot!" he warned her.

"What language! What language! Leave the room, leave the room instantly!" yelled a raucous voice in the next room.

The negro obeyed in all haste and has not been seen since, although the police have been hunting for him. The voice which frightened him away was a parrot's.

One Fourth Off

Fur Coats, Fur Sets and Pieces. All last Season's at Half Price.

SALE OF SHOES

The sizes having become more broken, we have decided to make still further reductions on the quality shoes we have already been offering at remarkable low prices—YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS GETTING A PAIR OF SHOES AT THESE PRICES.

WOMEN'S HIGH HEEL, GIBBY BOOTS.....\$4.75

GIRLS' AND WOMEN'S MAHOGANY ENGLISH BOOTS.....\$4.75

GIRLS' AND WOMEN'S BLACK ENGLISH BOOTS.....\$3.75

GROVER'S ALL KID BUTTON BOOTS.....\$3.75

WOMEN'S BLACK KID IVORY TOP BOOTS.....\$2.75

GIRLS' LATE LEATHER BOOTS, Kid or cloth Top, Low Heels, Welt Soles, and Broad Toes.....\$1.75

12 PAIR CHILDREN'S RED KID BUTTON SHOES.....\$1.75

You will not be awakened by cold feet if you buy a pair of RED SOCKS—they cost but.....50¢

STORE CLOSES ON MONDAYS.

The Anderson-Newcomb Co.

On Third Avenue Huntington, W. Va.

OUR OFFICIALS

(Politics Indicated By D and R)

U. S. Senators—Ollie M. James and J. C. W. Beckham—D.
Congressmen—W. J. Fields—D.
Governor—A. O. Stanley—D.
Lieut. Governor—Jas. A. Black—D.
Auditor—Thos. Greene—D.
Atty. General—Chas. H. Morris—D.
Treasurer—Sherman Goodrich—D.
Sec. of State—James Lewis—R.
Supt. Public Instruction—V. O. Gilbert—D.

State Senator—Dr. H. T. Morris—R.
Representative—H. H. Harris—R.

Circuit Judge—A. N. Clisco—R.
Commonwealth's Attorney—John M. Waugh—D.

Lawrence County.

County Judge—Billie Riffe—R.
Co. Attorney—D. L. Thompson—R.
County Clerk—D. R. Adams—R.
Circuit Clerk—W. J. Roberts—R.
Sheriff—W. M. Taylor—D.
Supt. Schools—J. H. Ekers—D.
Jailer—S. M. Sturvell—R.
Assessor—York Williams—R.
Surveyor—J. E. Wallace—D.
Coroner—M. V. Hickman—R.

Justice of the Peace, composing the county fiscal court—P. F. Diamond (D), G. S. Chapman (R), George W. Wallman (D), W. E. Puritt (R), G. V. Pack (R), Henry Bishop (R), Jay Fraher (D).

City of Louisa.

Mayor—Augustus Snyder—D.
Police Judge—H. B. Hewitt—D.
City Clerk—R. L. Vinson—D.
Treasurer—J. H. Kinister—D.
Assessor—James Norton—R.
Marshal—C. C. Skaggs—D.
Councilman—Dr. T. D. Burgess (R), W. E. Queen (D), H. E. Evans (R), John M. Moore (D), O. C. Atkins (R), G. R. Lewis (D).

NATURE TELLS YOU.

AS MANY A LOUISA READER KNOWS TOO WELL.

When the kidneys are weak; Nature tells you about it. The urine is nature's index. Infrequent or too frequent passage. Other disorders suggest kidney ills. Don't's Kidney Pills are for disordered kidneys.

Louisa people testify to their worth. J. W. Pinson Lock Ave. says: 'My kidneys were weak and I suffered severely. My back ached and sharp, cutting pains lashed through the small of it. I could hardly straighten after bending over and the kidney secretions were highly colored and irregular in passage. Don't's Kidney Pills cured me of the complaint and I have felt well ever since.'

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Don't's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Pinson had. Foster-McMillan Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Arrangements have been made for a revival meeting to be held in the M. E. Church South, Grayson, soon. Rev. L. E. McEldowney will do the preaching and the Wisdom sisters will do the special singing. They are now in a meeting at Logan, W. Va.

Wm. Deakins, of Borderland, W. Va., has again gone to Cincinnati to investigate the cause of the death of his son who was in school there. Mr. Deakins will go before the grand jury.

YATESVILLE.

A good will has just been drilled in on the land of Asberry Waller just across the river from here. The drilling was done by the West Virginia Oil Co. Ralph Blankenship butchered the finest hog that was ever butchered at Yatesville. When weighed on frost he tipped the beam to 700 pounds.

John Cocksey, one of the workmen in the oil field, while cutting a piece of steel had the sad misfortune to get one of his eyes knocked out. He was taken to a Huntington hospital where an operation was performed and the eye ball was removed and according to late reports he is getting along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

A man by the name of Lee Fuller is holding a protracted meeting here at this writing.

We are still having the beautiful snow with occasional zero weather and many of our farmers and stock men think that the feed will give out long before the end of the winter.

Kearse Sparks one of our neighbors, has moved to Sprigg, West Va. All of the boys of our neighborhood who registered have had the questionnaires filled out and have done returned them to the local board.

All of our miners here at our local mine are putting their best foot forward in the way of hard work and furnishing coal as best they can and still a coal famine appears to confront our entire neighborhood at this writing.

Miss Dorra Joins' school will close here on Friday the 26th inst. Miss Dore has taught us a good school.

All the girls of our neighborhood who belonged to the canning club last year are greatly put out over the departure of Miss Davis. All of our farmers who failed to get their corn gathered in the fall are having a terrible time going to the field for their feed stuff.

COUNTRY GREENHORN.

ULYSSES.
Uncle Billie Lowe of Lowmansville, died January 18. He had been in poor health for several months and owing to his advanced age of 85 years his death was no surprise to his friends. He had been married 4 times, all of his wives preceded him to the grave several years ago. He is survived by several sons and daughters and grandchildren. He died at the home of his son, Jir, Lowe, with whom he had made his home since the death of his last wife. He had been a member of the United Baptist church for a great many years. He was an honest and good citizen and liked by all who knew him.

Mrs. L. W. Hatfield has been seriously ill for a few days and sorry to say she is no better at this writing.

Charley Burton fell on the ice recently and hurt himself pretty badly. Uncle Charley Charles is still in a serious condition on account of injuries caused by a mule falling with him some time ago.

Marior Young wife and daughter have returned to their home at Powell, W. Va., after a brief visit here with relatives and friends.

John George, who sold his farm at Henrietta to Edith R. Brown some time ago, is moving to his farm at the place purchased of Mr. W. N. Chapman of Charley.

Jesse Daniels of Lowmansville, is moving from his farm to the farm vacated by Mr. George. James Lowe will occupy Jesse Daniels farm this year.

The new arrivals are to George Tom Williams and wife, a boy and to Lawrence Kazee and wife, a girl.

On account of the early and continuous cold weather a considerable amount of corn and fodder is yet standing in the field, corn being considered too suppy to gather early.

There are several cases of colds and grippe here.

EUREKA.

COLUMBUS, OHIO

The works in Columbus have shut down for five days on account of coal and coke shortage.

E. A. Gartin of Louisa arrived here Friday night to visit his son and daughter, Blanche and Lee Gartin.

The weather has been very cold for the last six weeks.

Bill Hail, Foney Crabtree and Jeff Figg left Friday night for parts unknown.

Mrs. Z. T. Moore is on the sick list. M. H. Moore and family have moved from Columbus to Chesapeake, W. Va.

Charles Alley was calling on Miss Ethel Johnson at North Berne, O., a few days ago.

George Hall and Ernest Kelley are working for the Carnegie Steel Co.

The streets here are crowded with the boys.

B. V. Gartin and his brother, Charles Gartin, are running a barber shop at Tusculum, Ohio.

Think we can report a wedding soon.

Miss Virgie Hurburn and Blanche Gartin visited Mrs. John Curmittle Saturday evening.

Tim and Arlie Curmittle were visiting Hobart Curmittle Friday.

There are fourteen cases of small pox in Columbus.

John Lear, who has been sick for some time, is improving.

M. and Mrs. Lisa Cordell were calling on James Curmittle and family recently.

Mrs. Joe Alley, who has been on the sick list, we are glad to say is better.

BLAINE.

Labe Edwards and wife of Texan are visiting their many friends and relatives at this place. Mr. Edwards has been working in the oil fields for a good many years.

Chio Nickle and Myrtle Pack are visiting in Ashland and other down river points.

Earl Whit and brother-in-law, Hubert Wheeler who moved to Ohio a year or two ago, are back on a visit.

Burns Johnson, son of T. O. Johnson and Ray Stafford, son of Will Stafford of Portsmouth, Ohio, are visiting their many friends at this place.

Lee Wetzel the well known oil well driller, is spending the cold weather with his brother-in-law, W. S. Edwards.

Rud Sweetnam, a respected citizen, of this place, has been quite sick for some time. He is slightly improved at this time.

H. I. Pack manager for the Big Blaine Produce Co., had the misfortune to cut his leg on a piece of iron but is improving. He will soon be on the job again.

BIG CHIEF.

HOGWALLOW HAPPENINGS.

(George Bingham.)
The Deputy Constable has posted a notice on the persimmon tree at the forks of the road warning oil passers to not make any noise as they are liable to jar the persimmons off.

Miss Hestetter Hocks thinks pumpkins would be handsome and fine looking if they didn't have such a bad complexion.

A girl smiled at Cricket Hicks the other day. It all happened so sudden he just stood and looked simple, but after he got off a distance he smiled right good and thought of something sweet to say to her, but it was too late then.

Poke Enzley, who believes in keeping ahead of the times, has had some buttons sewed on his coat.

Slim Pickens went to the circus at Tickville last Friday and while nobody else that he knew was around he asked the snake charmer if she belonged to the church.

Cricket Hicks, who is thinking about becoming a comedian, is out in the woods this week calling hickory-nuts with the squirrels.

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Friday, January 25, 1918.



"That old hen cackles," said Bill Butt. "To fool me she is trying; You think that she is lying, but I know that she is lying."
—Luke McLuke.

Uncle Tip Moore is able to be out again.

Louisa has been observing several eggless days lately.

F. H. Yates is able to be out after a week's illness with diphtheria.

Dr. Wroten's condition is somewhat improved. He is sitting up a part of each day.

Thermometers early Monday morning registered from 10 to 13 degrees below zero here.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Hay of Lower Look-ov, has been quite sick with pneumonia.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church met with Mrs. Monroe Adams Wednesday afternoon.

Chester Pickrell son of Milt Pickrell, has gone to Jenkins where he has accepted a position as stenographer.

G. C. Baker and family have moved into the W. N. Sullivan property on upper Main-st. Mr. Baker is the new county agent.

All West Virginia boys have been supplied with sweaters by the Red Cross in West Virginia. Stocks are being limited now.

FOR SALE:—Frame dwelling four rooms besides half story porches. Lot large enough for an extra house. Apply to NEWS office.

Bill Skaggs and family have moved from Portsmouth, Ohio, to Louisa. He is a native of this county and has lived in Portsmouth about two years.

Owing to the illness of his wife, the Rev. J. H. Stambaugh, of Charleston, W. Va., was not here last Sunday to fill his pulpit in the Christian church.

On account of the illness of the pastor, Rev. W. A. Gaudin, there was no preaching service at the Baptist church last Sunday. Several of the members attended services at the other churches.

LOTT—Two steers; one 2 year old yellow and white, weight about 615 lbs., with short horns; one pale red, same size and age, weight, 550 lbs. reward for location of each; also pay feed bill BILL LITTLE, Webb, W. Va. 1015

FOR RENT:—A combined store and dwelling with barn and field attached in a prosperous neighborhood, within half mile of two schools and within one mile of six coal operations paying out many thousands of dollars every two weeks. A rare opportunity for the right man. Address for particulars W. A. HARRIS, Nolan W. Va. 1015

We should be thankful for plenty of cold water these heatless, wheatless, meatless, eggless, milkless days, because cold water is the only thing you must add to the most wonderful combination of pancake flour you have ever seen. For breakfast these nice brown cakes are as delightful and digestible. Don't let somebody sell you something "just as good," because there ain't no such animal. Teco is the name of this handy healthful preparation and it is on sale at A. L. Burton's store, Louisa.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. D. Hall of Neris, had business in Louisa Monday.

J. L. Hibbard of Peach Orchard, was in Louisa Saturday.

R. A. Bickel was here Wednesday on his way to Richardson.

Mr. Harry Duncan, of Huntington, was a business visitor in Louisa Wednesday.

Geo. B. Roberts was down from Roderfield, W. Va., over Sunday with his family.

Mrs. John Hays of Charley was in Louisa Saturday, the guest of J. H. Preston.

M. L. Brunham of Ft. Gay, W. Va., was in Louisa, Wednesday and called at the NEWS office.

Mrs. Chas. B. Rose and children of Ashland have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Waldeck.

Mrs. D. W. Blankenship and children have returned from a visit of several weeks in Jenkins.

Mr. John P. Gardner was here Wednesday from Salversville. He left for Lexington and other points.

Mrs. Modie Meek and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Jellie, in Weston, W. Va.

Misses Annie and Ettie Skeens have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Ben Heston at New Boston, Ohio.

Miss Antida Wallace left Thursday morning for a visit to her sister, Mrs. J. O. Jellie, in Weston, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McDonald arrived Thursday from Oklahoma for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carey.

Geo. S. Phillips has returned to Columbus, Ohio, after a two week visit to his mother, Mrs. Nancy Phillips.

Jas H. Hatcher and family and Fred Remmel and family are here from Amherstville, W. Va., visiting relatives.

Gus Preston, a former citizen of Lawrence-co., was a business visitor here Saturday from McNeal, Iloyd-co.

Mrs. W. D. O'Neal has returned from Huntington where she visited relatives and attended the Anderson revival meetings.

J. W. Hardin was in Louisa Thursday from Leez. He came down to accompany his son home who has been in Riverview hospital for treatment and is very much improved.

Mrs. Guy Atkinson of Huntington, who has been visiting relatives in Paintsville, stopped over in Louisa Thursday and is the guest of Mrs. S. J. Justice.

Mrs. Warner A. Gille is the guest of Mrs. G. W. Atkinson. Mr. Gille came over from Huntington Saturday and remained until Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Gille were married in Newport recently. Mrs. Gille being Miss Blanche Dempsey.

We learn that the item in the NEWS last week about W. M. Savage being in Huntington was incorrect.

CHIEF TIE INSPECTOR—Man of experience with both switch and cross ties for railroad company. States age, experience and salary expected. Write MIL RUSSELL, care Big Sandy News.

Quite a number of women of the M. B. Church South, met to sew on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. L. Ferguson. Orders for sewing can be left at A. L. Burton's store and will receive prompt attention.

LOUISA FLINCH CLUB. The Flinch Club which had not met for several weeks, was entertained Thursday last week by Mrs. S. J. Justice, and this week by Mrs. A. M. Hughes.

For Sale
OUR TIME, knowledge and experience in the printing business.

When you are in need of something in this line
DON'T FORGET THIS

Lindsey Atrip, of Fort Gay, was in Louisa yesterday. He is just recovering from pneumonia.

"We want no peace till we have whipped Germany and made it secure and permanent," says former Governor James B. McCreary, a Kentuckian who entered the Civil War as a private and came out a Colonel, the grandfather of an American officer in the "Rainbow Division." The right spirit and the right idea of the right kind of peace.—Courier Journal.

QUEENS RIDGE, W. VA.

The death angel has visited the home of Lanzo Wiley and claimed for its own his darling little daughter, Mabel. She was six years old. She was loved by all who knew her and she always met every one with a loving smile. Ad was done for little Mabel that loving hands could do to restore her back to health but one who is stronger than we reached forth his hands and plucked the tender bud from their care and transported it to heaven to shine on as a bright star to beckon homeward father and mother and the two little sisters and friends that are left behind. While it seems cruel to give little Mabel up, remember that Christ said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." We know he is too wise to err and too good to do wrong, so weep not but prepare to meet your darling little girl in heaven where she and the rest of God's jewels are united to part no more and where there will be no more sickness and suffering.

The remains were laid to rest in the Grave Hill cemetery near Huntington, W. Va.

CARRETT.

The school dormitory at Bosco, two miles west of here together with all its contents, was destroyed by fire last Monday morning about 9 o'clock. Every effort possible to save it was made, but to no avail. Origin of fire unknown. Estimated loss \$25,000.

A young man, by the name of Kelly, fell from the train a few days ago just below here and was so badly crushed that he died within a few hours.

The sudden death of Mrs. Jack Moore of Lackey, last Sunday was quite a shock to our entire county. No complaints of sickness of any sort, stout hearty and to all appearances bid fair for a long and useful life. She leaves a husband and many friends to mourn the loss.

Garrett has an excellent Sunday school now and boasts of the distinction of having the largest and best Bible class in Floyd county. Rev. C. F. Neff is Supt. and the right man in the right place.

The Elkton Coal Corporation here observed strictly last Monday Fuel Administration Garfield's orders to close business. We also observed the request on Tuesday to make it a meatless day and we all enjoy being loyal to U. S. in every way possible. Many of our young men have gone to the front, others are anxiously awaiting the next call.

Prof. Arnett, who has been the successful head of Garrett graded schools for the past six months, answered the call to arms and leaves this week for his home at Salversville from where he goes at once to Camp Taylor.

John Ramsey of Jenkins, who has been a trusted employee of the Elkton Coal Corporation for the past year, also answers the call to arms and leaves at once for the service.

A coal train in passing through here last Sunday spilled an entire load of coal along the track, both sides of the giving way at the same time let the entire contents of car fall to the ground scattering it along the track for a distance of 400 yards or more. No one so far as we know was to blame.

An oil well is being put down on the opposite side of "Sweet Beaver" from the mouth of Stone Coal here. It is to be hoped a "gusher" will be struck.

The late arrival at the home of Atty. Jay Vinson and wife, William Shannon Vinson, is still doing well.

BUCKSKIN BESS.

Your Printing

If it is worth doing at all, it's worth doing well.

First classwork at all times is our motto.

Let us figure with you on your next job.

Make Money By Saving

Do it to-day. Tomorrow may be too late. \$6 to \$10 saved on Men's Suits now in our stock. Shoes in proportion.

The chance to save in Dry Goods and Ladies ready-to-wear articles is just as good at our store, because prices have gone still higher.

W. H. ADAMS,

Louisa,

Pierce's Old Stand

Kentucky.

TEACHERS

Do you know that we can take teachers and within six months qualify them to earn a bigger salary than you are now getting, and receive that salary twelve months out of the year instead of six or eight? kindly write us or pay us a visit and we will prove this assertion to you by teachers whom we have qualified.

PUPILS

We can take pupils who have finished the eighth grade and in about six months qualify and place them in positions where they earn a higher salary than their former teacher received.

EVERYBODY

Our Preparatory Department is planned to take anybody who is deficient in their common school education and give them a foundation for either a thorough bookkeeping or shorthand course.

There never was a greater demand for bookkeepers and stenographers. The government is offering from \$1 000 to \$1,200 a year. Enter any time. Tuition is payable monthly. NOW is the TIME to prepare for these positions and the PLACE to get the BEST PREPARATION in the SHORTEST TIME in the BOOTH BUSINESS SCHOOL, Huntington, W. Va. The only business school in West Va. (that owns its own building.) Restaurant and Dormitories owned by the school.

JATTIE.

Owing to bad weather Bro. Conley failed to fill his appointment at this place Sunday.

Miss Claidie Hammond has gone to Ashland to attend school.

Miss Ida Chefflin is spending a few days with her sister at Ratcliff.

Everett Kiger's smiling face was seen in our town again Sunday. Must be some attraction.

Mrs. Moron Hammond and daughter are visiting in Ashland this week.

Mrs. J. H. Hillman and Misses Sidie Hillman and Mertha Thompson were the guests of Mrs. B. B. Wells Thursday.

Miss Stella Dalton spent Sunday with Miss Goldie Wilson.

Uncle Jesse Jordan of Indiana is spending a few days with relative here before returning home.

Lowell Thompson made his usual call at Milt Watson's Sunday. He says where your treasures are there your heart is also.

Jerry McKinney has recovered from a slight case of smallpox and has left for parts unknown.

Omar Lang was here recently and purchased a fine goat of Kermit Thompson.

A. M. Watson was a business caller at Webbville Saturday.

Sophia G. Pennington was the guest of Easle Wright Sunday.

Boston Hammond filled his appointment at Polly's chapel Sunday.

Lafe Webb was a business caller at D. J. Thompson's last week.

Mrs. Milt Watson and Mrs. L. O. Perry were calling on Mrs. Davis Young recently.

Constable J. H. Young and Magistrate J. H. Frasher were transacting business at Webbville Monday.

Mrs. J. F. Thompson was visiting her mother at Oliveville one day last week.

Mrs. Charley Ratcliff of Caney, was visiting Mrs. Lewis Thompson Tuesday.

Rivinson Womack who has been at Portsmouth for some time, is again shaking hands with his many friends here and says Kentucky Leate Ohio, especially for pretty girls.

D. J. Thompson was calling at S. W. Graham's Sunday.

Mrs. Milt Watson was visiting Mrs. James Prichard one day last week.

Virginia, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Watson, was very unduly burned one day last week. She was playing around an open grate when her clothing caught fire. Mrs. Watson's hands were very badly burned trying to extinguish the flames.

Eunice Thompson spent Wednesday night with Ida B. Chaffin.

Misses Hoyle E. Pinkerton, Ruth and Eunice Thompson were the guests of Mrs. Doyle Young Sunday last.

Hobart Bralnard has returned from Ashland where he has been at work. Wesley Jordan was a business caller at this place one day last week.

Charley Hillman left Monday for Logan, West Va.

Our school is progressing nicely with Miss Sophia Pennington, teacher.

Miss Martha Thompson was visiting her cousins, Ruth and Eunice Thompson Sunday.

Lafe Brumfield of Chrymansville, W. Va., was calling on Eunice and Maxine Thompson Saturday and Sunday.

Sheridan Thompson is quite homesick now days for some cause we haven't discovered.

Mrs. Herve Hicks was shopping at this place recently.

Arthur Coffee has gone to West Va. to work.

We hope that Bro. Bowling will fill his appointment here Saturday night and Sunday. CINDERELLA.

The Paintsville Grocery company has increased its capital from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

GRIFFITH CREEK

Died, last Friday evening at his home on Griffith creek, Harvey Belcher, from that dread disease tuberculosis. He had been a great sufferer for several months and bore his suffering without a murmur. Mr. Belcher was well known throughout the valley, being associated with the timber business since his young manhood. He was 42 years old and leaves a wife and five children. He was laid to rest in the Wallace graveyard Monday afternoon.

An epidemic of colds is in our community, mostly among the little folks.

Daniel Lemaster, who was one of Lawrence county's first consignment to the national army and has been stationed at Camp Taylor, was discharged last week and has returned home. Mr. Lemaster's discharge was on account of disease of eyes. Mr. Lemaster is a model young man and went forward to service without claim for exemption.

W. G. Pennington left Tuesday for Ashland to work.

Uncle Dan Fox, who has been indoors for ten weeks with a felon, is about again.

We have had a coal famine here on account of the condition of the roads which has been a glare of ice.

Mrs. Harrison Wilson has been sick for a few days.

A well for oil is being drilled on W. S. Chapman's farm at Chapman.

We understand this morning that Mrs. Josh Crawford, who lives near the head of our creek, was stricken Monday with paralysis and is not expected to live.

Neil and John Thompson left for Williamson last Friday to work.

James Walker has the cutting and skidding contract of the Franklin timber and will begin this week to get it ready for one of the Gallup lumber company's mills which will be on the site soon.

MUTT.

NORIS.

Aunt Mary Thompson is some better at this writing.

G. V. and Ransom Pack attended church here Sunday.

Fan Newcomb is able to be out again after a short illness.

Misses Martha and Mary Moore were the guests of Della Stidham Sunday.

Mrs. Ella Thompson was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gypsy Pack, Sunday.

J. V. O'Bryan has a severe attack of laryngitis.

Albert McKinster is no better.

But very few farmers in our neighborhood are done gathering corn.

Our school will close here January 29, with Charley Miller, teacher.

Mrs. Diela Estep and Mrs. Della Spencer were shopping at Charley recently.

SNOW KING.

OSIE.

School has closed at this place for a few days on account of the illness of our teacher.

Smith Jobe, who has been much worse for the past few days, is slowly improving.

Ronda are in very bad condition here and Silas Jobe has been out with his snow plow and shovel.

Garvel Kelly, while felling a tree, had the misfortune of getting hurt, but not seriously.

W. E. Koune, a prominent salesman for the Consolidated Grocery Co., was here Monday. He is a hustling salesman and does much business through here.

Cecil Adams filled his regular appointment on Twine Sunday.

Mr. Robison and driver, Harry Litteral, were at Mrs. C. Jobe's recently.

Denver Howell and Mr. Hammond of Portsmouth, O., were on Twin Branch Monday. Mr. Howell has been absent for some years and was met with a hearty welcome by his friends of yore.

San Burton and Dannie Chaffin have gone to Midland, Pa., to seek employment.

Jessie Hays is expected home from Prichard, W. Va., soon.

Miss Maude Burton spent Saturday with Miss Birdie Jobe.

Willie and Beckham Hughes have gone to visit their brother at Grayson for a few days.

Church at Lower Twine Saturday and Sunday. Welcome one and all.

TWO BABY DOLLS.

A revival meeting was begun at this place on last Sunday by Bro. Lee Fuller.

School will close at this place next Friday. The attendance has been very good considering the bad weather.

Miss Hazel Stewart is visiting relatives and friends at Deep Hole this week.

Miss Dora Johns was talking on Miss Eva Bentley last Saturday.

Frank Crank is suffering with a severe pain in his eye caused by neuritis.

Burnice Blankenship was calling on friends at Deep Hole Sunday.

John Clark of Louisa made his usual trip to Yatesville Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Gypsy Blankenship was calling on Miss Kizzie Ramsey Sunday.

Miss Marie Muncy is visiting relatives in Ashland.

Our Sunday school has a new superintendent as the former one, Mr. Millard Short, resigned and Mr. Jay Short was elected in his place.

Mr. and Mrs. Lige Houpp were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crank last Sunday.

NOM DE I LUME.

Save All You Can.

is the watchword now. We can help you ladies do this, in any department of our store, which includes everything you wear. This mid-season is the time to get real bargains. We have some goods at old prices, and others on which the styles will change next season we are closing out below cost.



Mrs. Wm. Justice,

DEPARTMENT STORE.

Louisa,

Kentucky

The CORRECT TREATMENT FOR COLDS

Colds are contracted when strength is lowered and the inflammation easily develops bronchitis or lung trouble, while gripe and pneumonia frequently follow and any cold should have immediate treatment with

SCOTT'S EMULSION

The National Strength-Builder

which first builds up the forces by carrying rich nourishment to the blood streams and creates real body warmth. Its cod liver oil is the favorite of physicians for correcting bronchial disorders and chest troubles.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil always used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

17-19

NEWS OF THE WORLD

FRIDAY.

Fuel Administrator Garfield's drastic order restricting the use of fuel, effective at midnight last night, was promulgated shortly before 6 o'clock, within a few minutes after the Senate had adopted a resolution asking that the order be postponed for five days. When the Senate clerk arrived with the Hittcock resolution, he was told that the resolution would be given careful consideration, but that the order already issued and would go into effect almost simultaneously with the announcement of the vote in the Senate. It had been signed and prepared for publication twenty minutes before. Virtually no substantial changes were made in the order, though some war industries specially designated were exempted from the provision closing manufacturing plants for five days beginning today and from the Monday holidays during the next ten weeks.

Fuel Administrator Garfield, in explaining his order that all industry cease for five days declared that thousands of tons of vital necessities for American soldiers overseas and the Allies were loaded on ships tied up in Atlantic ports because their bunkers are empty of coal. The coal to send them on their way is the waiting behind the congested freight that has jammed all terminals. Referring to that part of the order not exempting factories working on war supplies he pointed out that "it is worse than useless to bend our energies to more manufacturing when what we have manufactured lies in idleness in congested terminal facilities, jamming the railroad yards and sidetracks for long distances back into the country." "This is war! Whatever the cost we must pay, so that in the face of the enemy there can never be the reproach that we held back from our full share. Those ships laden with supplies of food for men and food for cannon must have coal to put to sea."

The Louisville Board of Trade yesterday voted unanimously to support the Government in the order of Fuel Administrator Garfield to close industries for a five-day period and on Monday of each week for ten weeks. President Oliver presided at the largest meeting in the history of the organization. A resolution, presented by William Heyburn, president of the Bellamy Hardware company, endorsing "the purpose of the President to conserve the coal supply of the country" and offering "our hearty co-operation in assisting the Fuel Administration in its efforts," was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Legislation contemplating drastic changes in the Government's war machinery, including creation of an American War Council similar to those of England and France, and a Director of Munitions, is being drafted by the Senate Military Committee.

Two British torpedo boat destroyers have been lost on the Scotch coast during a storm. Only one man of the crews was saved.

SATURDAY.

The nation's manufacturing industry in the twenty-eight States east of the Mississippi River was virtually suspended at midnight Thursday in obedience to the Government's order forbidding the use of fuel. Although most of the plants engaged on war contracts were exempted from the order, their operation was reduced to a minimum. Fuel Administrator Garfield said last night and the great majority of them had closed down. Opposition to the order in Congress apparently spent itself in debate in both houses. Senators and Representatives were busy during the day with the shipment of goods from the West and the movement of materials to the Atlantic seaboard were discontinued by Director Garfield.

At a luncheon given by the National Security League in honor of Senator George E. Chamberlain, of Oregon, and Representative Julius Kahn, of California, both Theodore Roosevelt and Elihu Root praised the two honor guests for their efforts toward national defense, and attributed the success of the selective draft law to their ability and efforts.

In many places in England yesterday men, women and children joined in demonstrations demanding better distribution of food. Butcher shops and groceries were sold out early, and in many places thousands were waiting in the streets for the Food Committee to take some action.

Arrangements for the early transportation of 50,000 common laborers to the United States from Porto Rico are being made by the Employment Service of the Department of Labor. As soon as passage is available 60,000 others will be brought from Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

The United States Government, it was officially explained yesterday, had

Federal Fuel Administration for the conservation of coal.

"The people must either go on or go under," was the stirring climax of an address delivered to the Trades Union of Great Britain by Premier David Lloyd George Friday in London. The Premier's address followed closely upon the passage by the House of Commons by the Manpower Bill which has as its object the raising of more men to strengthen the British fighting forces. The Premier evinced strong distrust of Germany's honesty, reverting several times to the untrustworthiness of her promises and declaring that no peace terms would be recognized by Emperor William, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Gen. von Ludendorff and the other militaristic elements unless the British had the power to enforce them.

Four men, named last night by Director General McAdoo to investigate railroad wage questions are: Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of Interior; J. H. C. Kington, Chief Justice of the District Columbia Supreme Court; C. C. McHenry, Interstate Commerce Commissioner; and William R. Wiley, chairman of the Republican National Committee. Mr. Wiley announced that he had resigned as chairman of the Republican National Committee to accept service on the board. His resignation will take effect February 12.

A delegation of workers from the meat packing plants at Chicago called on President Wilson and urged that the Government take over the meat packing industry of the country. Secretary Baker, Secretary Wilson and Samuel Gompers were called into the conference. The union workers contend it is essential for the Government to control the industry because of the large number of aliens among their fellow employees.

The bill to create a War Council of three civilian members was approved by the Senate Military Committee and will be introduced in the Senate Monday. Proposals to include the Secretaries of War and Navy were defeated in the committee.

Two hours' ultimatum has been sent to the Romanian military authorities by the Bolsheviks, demanding the passage of Russian troops through Jassy, the temporary capital of Romania.

SUNDAY.

Great improvement in fuel famine conditions was reported to Fuel Administrator Garfield yesterday by State Fuel Administrators in twenty-eight States east of the Mississippi. It was declared that a steady flow of coal is going forward into the districts where it is most needed, and that the people were "getting warm again." Director of Railroads McAdoo issued an order placing an embargo on the use of open-top cars except for fuel. Work of banking ships in New York harbor will go forward throughout the day.

Strict orders have been issued to enlisted men and officers at Camp Zachary Taylor warning them to maintain secrecy of all military activities at the camp. The order says: "Grave and available danger to the safety of our operations is being caused by the giving of information by officers and enlisted men to members of their families, their friends and the public in general."

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The United States Government, it was officially explained yesterday, had

no intention of casting any reflection on the good faith of Holland in commandeering 1,000 machine guns and 1,000,000 cartridges ordered in this country by the Dutch Government.

Wholesale prices for storage creamery butter at New York and Chicago were fixed at 47 and 45½ cents yesterday by the Food Administration at Washington. Corresponding prices are expected to rule throughout the country.

National advertising forces were assigned definite parts they are to take in the task of winning the war in an order issued by President Wilson creating Division of Advertising of the Committee on Public Information.

When the task of copying the names and addresses on the 175,000 food pledge cards signed by the people of Kentucky is completed permanent organization of the food supply army in this State will be completed.

Treasury officials soon will ask Congress to authorize the melting of 150,000,000 silver dollars now stored in the Treasury to supply silver bullion for export to America's allies.

Theaters and other places for amusement won their fight for an amendment to Dr. Garfield's closing order and got permission to close on Tuesdays instead of Mondays.

MONDAY.

After an adventurous career of nearly three and a half years in fighting and raiding operations in the Black Sea the famous German submarine U-90, which had been in the hands of the British warships in a fight at the entrance to the Dardanelles. The U-90, renamed Midulla, was sunk and the U-90, rechristened Sultan Yawiz, was "beached." The two cruisers escaped into Turkish waters shortly after the outbreak of the war and were purchased by the Turks.

With the election in England imminent, a victory for the Labor party is freely predicted. The Laborites are expected to control the majority of seats in the House of Commons and one of the most important posts in the Cabinet. A conference has been called to meet in Nottingham to frame proposed legislation for after-the-war conditions. Among the proposed measures are the use of private surplus wealth for common good and the nationalization of lands, railroads and all public utilities.

Examining officers of the new National Army report that approximately 10 per cent of the drafted men, as they appear in camps, are so seriously defective in mental development that they are either feebleminded or subnormal in military organizations. As a result of the investigation, modification of the new psychological test to all enlisted men and newly appointed officers of the army has been ordered by the War Department in an effort to weed out the mentally unfit.

Individuals and business organizations must report to revenue collectors each payment of over \$100 or more made during 1917 to any person or corporation. Officials estimate that between 10,000,000 and 20,000,000 returns must be made under this regulation, which replaces the provision of the old law that income taxes were to be withheld at the source, and will furnish the Government information for checking up income tax returns.

Gen. von Steir, Prussian Minister of War, in a newspaper interview is quoted as declaring that Germany is well prepared to meet America's new foe. He doubts the fighting is a decisive factor but says much depends upon what the American engineers can do, and still more depends upon whether efficient, experienced crews can be obtained by them.

Fresh troubles are reported to have broken out throughout Austria. General strikes have occurred and in Vienna and Neustadt all the war manufacturing plants are reported to have been closed. In these towns 100,000 men are said to have quit their jobs. The movement is political and economic and has as its basis the desire for peace. Anti-Germanism is declared to be especially prevalent throughout the country.

Gen. Sir Beauchamp Dug, commander of the British forces in India from 1912 to 1916, was found dead in his bed in a West End club. Gen. Dug at the time of the Mesopotamian expedition, which ended so disastrously, was commander-in-chief of the British forces which surrendered Kut-el-Amara. Sir Beauchamp was among those blamed for the result of the expedition.

With a membership of 160,000 men in train and yard service, the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen has announced that more than 5,000 members of the organization are serving in the military forces of the nation.

MONEY IN EGGS.

Eggs are not bankable but the money from their sale is. This money is yours for the effort. How do you treat the hen that lays the Golden Eggs? R. A. Thon's Poultry Remedy will keep the poultry in good condition and increase the yield in eggs. We guarantee this and refund your money if not satisfied. For Sale By All Good Dealers.

Down goes the price on Ladies and Children's hats. Only half price at Justine's store. 10-26-M.

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 90.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 3½ to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than 85,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8½ cents. He should sell this sugar at 8½ to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8½ and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least \$180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war."

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage. As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. Their main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies. German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.

England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 800,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the English government in August reduced the household sugar ration in a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 13 2-10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government. It was found early in the fall, America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 85,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 55 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent, this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at \$7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits. "Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr.

Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw cane and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather more than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law."

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about \$4.24 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about \$5.06 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refiners, according to our investigation, was about \$7.50 per hundred, or a differential of \$1.81.

"In reducing the differential to \$1.30 there was a saving to the public of 51 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the last of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about \$24,800,000."

Next Year.

With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about \$4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about \$0 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventually," Mr. Hoover said, "to about \$7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8½ to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the prices of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today."

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over \$25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Louisiana producer and part to the consumer."

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages \$3.30, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production or that a minimum price of \$4.37 was necessary, and even this would suffice some producers."

"The price ultimately agreed was 21 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for ourselves and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the right of its position to strangle Cuba."

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price in the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade. "Mr. Rolph has not one penny of interest in that refinery."

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I am prepared to write insurance on any insurable property in Louisiana and on all good DWELLINGS AND BARN IN THE COUNTRY. A limited number of stores not too far from Louisiana.

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Will appreciate any business you may give me.

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Shorthorn Cattle for Sale

We have a lot of bulls of the best of breeding suitable for heading herds. Also a number of farmers bulls priced from \$100.00 up. A few choice cows and heifers.

Hards headed by Bank Goods 887531, a red head by M. E. Jones, Williamsville, Ill. Champions for ten generations. Lord Ripley 308666 by the \$1000.00 Lord Albin out of Imp. Model 165 and Cleveland Favorite 497574, a woman grandson of the famous Max-well Sultan.

Visit the herds and see for yourself before buying. HOLTON CATTLE CO., Trinity, Ky.

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GLENWOOD KY.

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THREE PURE-BLOOD SHORTHORN CALVES, MALES FOR SALE. THE SAME THIRTY ONE ON EXHIBITION AT COUNTY FAIR AT LOUISIA. TO ANYBODY WISHING

TO BUY WE WILL MAKE THE PRICE RIGHT. COME AND SEE THE STOCK. REGISTRATION PAPERS FURNISHED.

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Now is prepared to do all kinds of repair work on automobiles. Wm. Hartman, who has had 5 years experience in one of the largest garages in Louisville, Ky., has charge of the repair department and will do your work in first class manner. Charges reasonable. While the weather is bad is a good time to have your car overhauled.

Hats, Ladies and Misses, all the new styles for fall and winter, suits, coats and one piece dresses. A large line of shoes now on display at Justice's store.

FOR SALE:—One 1916 model Maxwell touring car in good condition. Apply at Louisa Garage.

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HELP NATURE TO DEFEAT THE DISEASE IN YOUR BODY.

Keep up the fight; do not give up. Nature is trying to serve you in conquering the wrongs that may exist.

Red blood, vim, courage, vitality, all seem lacking. No wonder, you are nervous and discouraged.

Why not call to your aid a strong, dependable ally? Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has for nearly fifty years proven its merits as a most powerful tonic and blood builder to the many thousands who have been returned to good health by its use.

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Lv. 3:33 a. m., Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleepers. Cafe Car.

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furs to make caps for boys across the
water. The factory has caps sold at
\$1. That is why we can pay so high
for pelts. Muskrat, Sable, Fox, Brown
fox, opossum, dark, winter wet fur-
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same at our expense, both ways. Trap-
pers and hunters, if you don't sell us
you lose honest deal. We have over
300 customers. We are sick ducks and
on the job every day. On furs and eggs
we lead in prices.We want all the country hams you
can bring. You can't overstock us, 25c
in groceries, shoulders 20c lb. Dressed
hog, head and feet off, \$20 per hun-
dred. High patent flour.We pay cash for all furs much above
value. Cash hides, 2 weeks old, 14c lb.
Cow hides \$14 cash if weight is in
hide. Big Northern No. 1 1600 lb horse
hide \$15.50.When a good man is in business
stand by him. All the farmers are reap-
ing good harvest and we buy every-
thing in quantities.We sell high grade fancy up to date
groceries cheaper than anyone. We
sell best coffee. We buy corn and sell
meal. We are little people and have
five stores. We want new sorghum at
65c and 70c gallon in barrel lots, pay in
groceries.**BIG BLAINE PRODUCE CO.**
H. J. PACK, Manager,
Blaine, Kentucky**BOARD FOR STUDENTS**—We
board pupils at \$4 a week. J. H.
HAYES, Lock-av. Jan-5-pd**PATRONIZE YOUR HOME DEALER**
STAR PIANOS,
PLAYER PIANOS,
STAR PHONOGRAPHS,
ARE SOLD BY ME THROUGHOUT
THE ENTIRE BIG SANDY VALLEY.
WRITE FOR PRICES AND TERMS.
ELIJAH B. BROWN,
HENRIETTA, KY.**Wood's Seeds**
—For 1918—The patriotic duty of farmers and
gardeners everywhere is to increase
crop and food production. Inten-
sive farming and gardening, and
the liberal use of fertilizers, together
with proper rotation of crops, so
as to increase and improve the fer-
tility and productivity of the land,
are all vital and necessary con-
siderations at the present time.**Wood's Descriptive Catalog**
For 1918 gives the fullest and most
up-to-date information in regard
to all**Farm and Garden Seeds**
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Write for Catalog and prices of
**Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed
Potatoes, Seed Oats, or any
Farm Seeds Required.**
Catalog Mailed Free On Request.**T. W. WOOD & SONS,**
SEEDSMEN, Richmond, Va.**ONE DOSE RELIEVES****A COLD---NO QUININE****"PAPE'S COLD COMPOUND" ENDS
BAD COLDS OR GRIPPE IN
A FEW HOURS.**Relief comes instantly.
A dose taken every two hours until
three doses are taken will end grippe
miser and break up a severe cold
either in the head, chest, body or limbs.
It promptly opens clogged-up nos-
trils and air passage in the head, stops
nausea, dizziness or nose running, re-
lieves sick headache, dullness, fever-
ishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness
and stiffness.
Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing
and snuffing! Ease your throbbing
head! Nothing else in the world gives
such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold
Compound," which costs only a few
cents at any drug store. It acts with-
out assistance, tastes nice, and causes
no inconvenience. Be sure you get the
genuine.**FALLSBURG.**Bro. Conley preached a very inter-
esting sermon here Sunday morning.
Our school is coming rather slow on
account of much bad weather.Rumor says wedding bells will ring
again in Fallsburg, soon.
Miss Eliza Hutchinson was the Sun-
day guest of her sister, Mrs. George
Norris.The sick of our community are no
better.Uncle Columbus Crank is very sick.
Mrs. Tack Short and little daughter,
Garnet, contemplate a trip to friends
at Yatsville soon.Chester Diamond was again seen at
James Casey's Sunday.

Mild Green was in town Saturday.

We are expecting Rev. Hostwick of
Louisiana to assist us in our Red Cross
work here.Belt Drilling company has moved to
Chapman where they will begin a well
soon as machinery is ready.Jennie Chaffins was the Sunday guest
of the Casey girls.Willie Savage was at Yatsville Sat-
urday and said cold weather didn't keep
him away.Join the Red Cross and help Uncle
Sam.Mrs. Wilma Maddy was in Louisa
Monday on business. X. Y. Z.**HULETTE.**School will close at this place Fri-
day the 25th with Miss Gussie O'Dan-
iel teacher.Born, on the 14th, to Mr. and Mrs.
Harrison Workman, a boy.A. H. Norley had the misfortune to
lose his milk cow recently.Wm. O'Daniel's old family horse died
last week at the age of thirty-two
years. Mr. O'Daniel had owned him for
twenty-seven years.Miss Dora Burton, of Huntington,
who has been attending school at this
place returned home last week.Lon Nunley of Portsmouth, has been
visiting relatives here for two weeks.D. A. O'Daniel was visiting his daugh-
ter, Mrs. Jennie Burton at Huntington,
last week.Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey Nunley were
visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sam Poe Sun-
day.Mr. and Mrs. Eli Moore were visit-
ing some folks at Mt. Zion Sunday.Miss Amy O'Daniel and Bertha
Wooten were visiting on Bear creek
Sunday.W. D. Queen was visiting his moth-
er at Bolts Fork Sunday, who is very
sick.Miss Zona O'Daniel was visiting at
this place Saturday and Sunday.

DAN PATCH.

The Volunteer.A volunteer from Louisa who is sta-
tioned at Camp Green, N. C., sends the
following for publication:Why didn't I wait to be drafted
And be led to the train by a band?And put in a claim for exemption
Oh, why did I hold up my hand?Why didn't I wait for the banquet?
Why didn't I wait to be cheered?For the drafted men got the credit—
While I merely volunteered.And nobody gave me a banquet,
And nobody said a kind word;The grind of the wheels of the engine
Was all the goodbye that I heard,Then off to the camp I was hustled,
To be trained for the next half year;And then in the shuffle forgotten—
I was only a volunteer.And maybe some day in the future,
When my little boy sits on my kneeAnd asks what I did in the conflict,
And his little eyes look up to meWill have to look back as I'm blushing
To the eyes that so bravely peer,
And tell him I missed being drafted—
It was only a volunteer.**AMERICAN DENTIST
BACK FROM BERLIN****"WHEN TEUTON ARMIES ARE
DRIVEN TO RHINE GERMANS
WILL SETTLE KAISER!"**Flint, Mich., January 12.—Dr. Wil-
lam Law, one of the latest Americans
to reach the United States from Ger-
many, brings a picture of acute distress
throughout that country.He says the food shortage is likely to
force an end to the war the coming
summer and he believes a democracy
in Germany will come as a result of
peace.Law for 13 years has been a prac-
ticing dentist in Berlin, having as clients
many of the junker class. He left the
Kaiser's capital October 23, but was
obliged to remain in Norway and Den-
mark, seven weeks before securing pas-
sage for his home here.His story of recent conditions in Ger-
many is one of the most intimate to
reach the United States. His views
summarized are:"The Prussian autocracy fights to con-
quer because it fears the wrath of the
people."Soldiers and the people are tired of
war. It seems powerless now to stop it.Militarists are concentrating all en-
ergies on the western front drive be-
fore America can strike a telling blow.Socialists are growing in power, but
to date they want a German-made
peace.The Junker class holds that Germany
must fight until victory.The German democracy must come
as a result of peace, not as a cause
leading up to it.Crops, which have been a failure the
past two years may result in a food
famine in May and June, and this may
bring peace this summer."The Prussian dynasty," says Dr.
Law "is in the war to win and con-
quer. They will die fighting before they
will yield an inch. They know if they
make anything but a victorious peace
they will perish for the people would
dispose of them quickly, once they
knew they had been betrayed.""The people, too, are thoroughly im-
bued with the war spirit and altho one hears
the soldiers scolding amongst them-
selves against their government and
other governments, too, they have no
intention of starting a revolution at
home. They must be thoroughly whipped
before a satisfactory peace can be ar-
ranged.""The Socialists are very powerful
and have grown materially since 1914.
They desire and work very hard for
peace, yet it is a German peace they
desire.""The war is destroying Germany and
her allies and if it should continue two
or three years more they know that
utter ruin must be faced.""The soldiers as well as the popula-
tion at home are heartily tired of the
war but they are powerless yet to stop
it.""The German government controls
the entire press keeps the people in line
by promising them peace.""The Prussian government never has
made any real peace proposal, for its
terms of peace are the terms of vic-
tory. The proposals they have made are
all based on the present status of the
German army—upon how much land
they have taken.""Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has
kept up the morale of the junkers by
promising victory, but when the army
begins to weaken the power of Von
Hindenburg will break and when the
Teuton armies are driven back to the
Rhine the German will settle with his
savior.""The German democracy must come
as a result of peace rather than as a
cause leading up to it.""Germany has set aside every inter-
est except that of winning the war. The
government controls everything and
portions it out to civil population by
the card system, with fixed prices. Not
withstanding this, enormous quantities
of food are bought and sold by the
profiteers for which he pays as much as
he can. Germany is honey-combed by
the most gigantic system of graft that
every existed.""The food supply of the central pow-
ers will carry them thru to next spring
by greatly reducing their rations. From
May until June the times will be very
hard. Should the crops again fail the
war probably will end the coming sum-
mer, for there will not be enough food
for the people. I greatly doubt if the
soldiers will fight when they know the
people at home are dying of starvation.""Summing it all up the German sol-
dier looks fit and is well taken care of,
but the rest of the country looks like
the devil."**WHY HE'S THANKFUL.**I am thankful
For a tankful
Of good food three times a day.
I am thankful
That starvation
Hasn't come around my way.
I am thankful
For the codfish
That somehow, I always get
At Costoffing's humping,
But he hasn't liked me—
Yet
I am thankful
For a bumper crop
Of fine and robust health.
I am thankful I don't have to
Lug around
A lot of wealth.
I am thankful
For my freedom
Yes, I am a lucky mug
Many men no worse
Than I am
Are reclining in the jug.
I am thankful for
My friendships
And the charity of man.
But, above all else,
I am thankful
That I'm an American
Any Yank who can't
Be thankful
And is cast down in the dumps
Is a fiver
Is a lonesome
And the champ of all the chumps.
—T. K. MOULTON, in Cythiana
Democrat**SPRAINS! RUB PAINS
AND SWELLING AWAY****DON'T SUFFER! GO ABOUT YOUR
DUTIES—RELIEF COMES THE
MOMENT YOU APPLY****"ST. JACOBS LIN-
IMENT,"**Don't stay crippled! Rub this sooth-
ing, penetrating liniment right into the
sprain, ache or strain, and out comes
pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling.Nothing else penetrates, heats and
strengthens the injured muscles, nerves
tendons and ligaments so promptly. It
doesn't burn or discolor the skin and
can not cause injury. Don't suffer. Get
a small trial bottle from any drug store
now—limber up! Rub the misery right
out. A moment after "St. Jacobs Lin-
iment" is applied you can not feel the
slightest pain or soreness and you can
go about your regular duties."St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain
It has been used effectively for sprains,
strains, soreness and stiffness for 60
years—six gold medal awards.Sergeant Sam J. Ferguson, 315 Field
Artillery, battery C, one of the sixty-
eight drafted men of West Virginia to
be admitted to the third officers train-
ing camp, was formerly a baseball
pitcher at Marshall College. He is from
Wayne, W. Va.**Ford**
THE UNIVERSAL CARHave been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since
August 1, 1916. These figures—220,817—represent the ac-
tual number of cars manufactured by us since August 1st
1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers. This un-
usual fall and winter demand for FORD cars makes it nec-
essary for us to confine the distribution of cars only to
those agents who have orders for immediate delivery to re-
tail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars
in anticipation of later spring sales.
We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they
may protect themselves against delay or disappointment in
securing FORD cars. If, therefore, you are planning to pur-
chase a FORD car, we advise you to place your order and
take delivery now.**IMMEDIATE ORDERS WILL HAVE
PROMPT ATTENTION.**Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several
months.
Enter your order to-day for immediate delivery with our
authorized FORD agent listed below and don't be disap-
pointed later on.**PRICES:**
Runabout \$345, Touring Car, \$360, Coupelet \$505
Town Car \$595, Sedan \$645, f. o. b. Detroit.**Augustus Snyder, LOUISA
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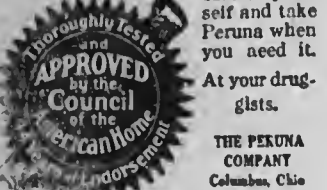
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THE PERUNA COMPANY
Columbus, Ohio

Catlettsburg Items

Very Ill.

Chpt. Rector Vaughan, one of our venerable and much loved citizens, is seriously ill at the Emerick home and grave apprehensions are felt as to his condition.

Corporal Cline Here.

Corporal Thomas Cline of Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., who failed to get permission to spend the Christmas vacation with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Isaiah Cline here, is now here on a seven days furlough for a visit to them. He was joined while on route here at Dayton, Ky., by his bride, who was Miss Vidua Swartz of that city.

Gets One Year.

Frank Brannham, who shot and seriously wounded Paul Howell, was found guilty and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary at Frankfort. Brannham, who made his get away from the jail recently and who has not been apprehended.

Literary Club.

The Woman's Literary Club will be received Saturday afternoon by Miss Lida Brown at her home. Miss Brown one of our most popular ladies, has been somewhat shut in this winter on account of an injured wrist and has not attended the past few club meetings, hence the ladies will be most delighted to be with her again.

Birthday Party.

Invitations were sent out by Miss Carrie Pigg to her little friends announcing a birthday party for the afternoon of January 19.

Passed Through.

Mrs. Lida Heller and Miss Mary Auxler, who were delegates to the Food Conservation Convention at Louisville, passed through returning to their homes at Pikeville.

Improved From a Cold.

Hon. L. T. Everett, who has been suffering from a near attack of la grippe is now much improved.

Visiting Parents.

Frank Adams of the Walder Company, Emma, Ky., is here for a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Adams of the South Side.

Birthday Party.

Miss Carrie Pigg, charming young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Pigg celebrated her 12th birthday Saturday afternoon by entertaining a large number of little friends among the girls and boys from two to five o'clock. Many games were played and the young company had a merry time of it after which tempting refreshments of ice cream and cake was served. Many pretty remembrances were left with this charming young hostess.

Delightful Service.

Rev. W. H. Fuglesong of Emanuel M. E. Church South of Huntington filled Rev. A. P. Keyser's pulpit at the M. E. Church South here Sunday morning his text being from Mark 1:17 "And Jesus said unto them, Come ye after Me and I will make you to become Fishers of Men." There was a fine congregation to hear this very splendid sermon. Rev. Mr. Keyser was unable to come to the church for the evening service, consequently there was no service. Rev. Mr. Keyser is a very strong and able preacher and is much loved by his parishioners.

LETCHER COUNTY

Whitesburg, Ky., Jan. 23.—At Cumberland river, Letcher-Marion buried sought of here, William Calhoun and John Cody, young men fought a duel a few days ago over a woman, killing each other. It is said both young men claimed the hand of a young woman of that section and after she consented to take another they concluded to fight a duel to death. The arrangement was successfully carried out.

Mrs. Elizabeth Panks, aged about 70, the daughter of Judge H. B. Pranson of Indiana, died in this county. She had been ill for some time. She was buried in the cemetery near Blacksburg and received burial from which she died within a few hours.

A few days ago a small piece of land lying along Caudill's Branch below here was sold into town lots for something over \$10,000. Not many years ago the identical piece of land was sold for an old-fashioned rifle gun and a cow. This is proof of the big increase in mountain lands within recent years.

Mrs. Roy Lewis, aged about 20, young married woman of Celly creek, this county, died after a brief illness from injuries received in a fall while walking on the frozen ground near her home. She leaves a husband, father, mother and several brothers and sisters.

At Lester, on Camp Branch creek west of here Blaine Crase postmaster at Lester and one of the county's best known young men died after an extended illness of tuberculosis. He leaves a wife, a mother and other near relatives.

Clayton Campbell and Frank Hubbs, colored, of Whitesburg, were arrested by County Judge Samuel Collins on charges of bootlegging whiskey in the town. Immediate justice was meted out to them. The former being given a \$200 fine and 20 days in jail, the latter \$100 fine and 20 days in jail. Judge Collins determined that the whiskey evils must go. Of the ten men confined in the county jail charged with murder, eight of them can be traced directly to whiskey and its influences.

Being unable to obtain a special judge to convene the Letcher Circuit Court last week the term was continued until some time in next month when a special term will be ordered.

GLENHAYES, W. VA.

Mr. George McEwen and Mrs. George McEwen were in Louisville, Ky., Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Lou Frazier and Mrs. Nana Crum were in Louisville Saturday and Sunday.

Ed Brannham was shopping in Glenhays Saturday.

We are glad to say the sick of our community are improving.

Joe Pruett was visiting the sick Mr. Jas. Farra Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Flora York of Glenhays has come to stay in the Kessler hospital in Huntington, W. Va.

Rush Frazier was visiting Jas. Pruett Saturday.

Mrs. Robert Dillon and daughter were visiting their grandmother the latter part of the week.

G. W. Hitchcock was at Jas. Pruett's Saturday.

Mrs. G. C. Ratcliff of Glenhays was visiting her father, who is on the sick list.

Joe Pruett, the night pumper of Glenhays was visiting Jas. Farra Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. McCablin attended the funeral of J. Y. York.

Miss Estell York has gone to Williams to live with her brother.

We were sorry to hear of the death of J. Y. York.

Charles Derfeld, who was brought home sick from Spriggs W. Va., is now improving.

Mr. and Mrs. McKinley Maynard returned to their home Tuesday at Lost creek, W. Va.

John Damron of Clifton had the misfortune to get his foot broken by a mule falling on him Saturday.

W. D. Frazier was visiting James Pruett Sunday.

R. C. Williamson has moved into the house vacated by G. C. Ratcliff.

Maynard moved into the house vacated by W. D. Frazier at Glenhays, W. Va.

Nancy Farra was visiting Miss Lida Brown Saturday.

Alex. Hitchcock of Nantuck and Jesse Penson are the pumers at Glenhays.

Miss Sparks was shopping in Glenhays Saturday.

RED ROSE.

Pikeville Items

Heatless Day.

The first heatless Monday was very quickly observed here, all business houses being closed. An unusually large number of people were seen on the streets during the day, but there was not heard a single complaint about the fuel administrator's order.

Returned From Snowville.

Mrs. W. Dee Sutton returned from Snowville, Va., Friday having been called there by the serious illness of her father Mr. W. H. Bishop.

Vanover-Williams.

The many friends of Miss Florence Vanover were surprised to learn of her marriage on Saturday night to Mr. Williams, a traveling salesman. Mrs. Williams is the attractive young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Vanover.

Called By Death.

A. and Mrs. C. G. Evans have returned home from Pennsylvania where they were called by the death of Mr. Evans' father. They were accompanied home by Mr. Evans' mother, who will remain with them for a few months.

Mr. Call Is.

Mr. J. W. Call, one of the city's most prominent business men, has been quite ill for several days at his home on College-st.

Visited Parents.

Mrs. Chester Brown of Cincinnati, has returned home after a visit of several weeks with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. John Call, Mr. Brown is with the American Expeditionary Forces somewhere in France.

In Ashland.

Mr. W. G. Flea attended to business matters in Ashland Sunday and Tuesday.

Preached At Elkhorn City.

Rev. J. R. Crawford of the Presbyterian church, preached at morning and evening services in Elkhorn City Sunday. His pulpit here was filled by Dr. Jas. P. Record of Pikeville college.

To Teach In Pikeville College.

Mr. Paul Record has returned to Pikeville to take charge of the classes of Pikeville college formerly taught by Alfred B. Boggs, who is now a student in the Medical Department of the University of Chicago subject to call to the Medical Reserve of the United States army.

Returns To Washington City.

Miss Louise Wimsatt who has been for several weeks the attractive guest of Mrs. Jas. D. Francis returned Friday to her home in Washington, D. C.

Miss Sowards Entertains.

Miss Elizabeth Sowards very pleasantly entertained members of the Elkhorn Chapter of the Elks Club at her beautiful home on North street Saturday night. Many enjoyable games were played and the evening passed off very pleasantly. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served. Miss Josephine Powles remained as the overnight guest of Miss Sowards.

In Honor Of Mrs. Thomas.

Misses E. Adele Tackberry, Rosa Lee Ditt, Hester Newberry and Mrs. and Mrs. J. L. Trivette were guests of Miss Ethel Francis on Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Evan Thomas of Chidwell, W. Va. Several very interesting stories of folk and folkways were told, to which these dreams and tales were served.

Local And Personal.

Mrs. J. B. Ratcliff and children are the guests of Mrs. Ratcliff's parents at Regina for two weeks.

Mr. D. B. Coleman of Regina, has been a prominent visitor in town this week.

Mr. J. C. Gibbs of El Paso and Cleveland, superintendent of all the McKinney Steel Corporation interests, is here looking after their new operation at Wolfpit.

Kenneth Mitchell and C. E. Kakey were business visitors from Wolfpit Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Miller have as their guest Mr. Richard Miller of Norfolk.

Mrs. Clarence Polley of Wolfpit, was the guest of her sister, M. C. Justice Friday.

Mrs. J. M. Robinson had as her attractive guest Saturday, Mrs. Clyde Childress of Regina.

Mrs. Charles R. Fuller and children of Huntington, are the pleasant guests of Mrs. Fuller's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Monroe Robertson.

H. S. Adkins of Esco is a prominent coal man in town this week.

George Kendrick was here Wednesday to see his daughter, Miss Lenora who is here attending school.

Ollie May of John, a prominent farmer and cattle dealer, spent Tuesday here looking after business interests.

Ben F. Johnson was a visitor here from Ely Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Stout of Norton, Va., is the attractive visitor of Mrs. Joe Tyler.

John B. Leslie of Lower Johns creek was a business visitor here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Berna R. Ratcliff has accepted a lucrative position as bookkeeper for Rogers Bros. Coal Co.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Call were guests of Dr. A. S. Reese for dinner at Pike Sunday.

Miss Helen Record is able to be out again after an illness of several days.

R. L. Sparks of Pond creek, was here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Durand Tackett of Virgle, were visitors here Monday and Tuesday.

RECIPE FOR GERMAN KULTUR.

Take a bit of Turkey and roll it in crumpled cathedrals. With a little sizzling add a lot of wild oats, drop in large quantities of peached property and scrambled retreats. Break an egg in it and stir with cold cream. Turn on the gas and heat the whole red-hot with liquid fire. When it is done, garnish with cracked hearts and drop bombs on and you have a dish fit for William and other Hungry people.—Harvard Lampoon.

Prestonsburg Items

Meetings Closed.

Rev. E. N. Hart has closed his meetings at the Presbyterian church. The revival of some two weeks made a fine impression on the entire town and doubtless increased and strengthened his own membership greatly. His assistant, Mr. J. D. Hamilton, of Luz, Ky., won many friends with his violin and good singing.

Taken To Hospital.

Mr. Joel C. Martin, our genial and efficient jailer, has gone to Louisville to a hospital for treatment. He has been in poor health for several months and a few weeks ago suffered, what seems to have been a slight stroke of paralysis which for a time affected one side and his speech also. He has partly recovered from this, but decided to go to a good sanatorium for treatment.

Called To Camp Taylor.

W. R. Harris of Brandy Keg, was called to Camp Taylor Saturday on account of the serious illness of his son George, who has pneumonia.

Moves In To New Home.

W. S. Wells moved into his handsome new home just completed on Second street. This is one of Prestonsburg's most modern homes with heat water and lights and furnished with handsome furniture throughout.

Arthur Archer Moves.

Arthur Archer moved into the property just vacated by W. S. Wells on Upper Third street.

Beaver Valley Dormitory Burns.

The new dormitory at Beavers, burned Wednesday morning about 9 o'clock. This is a new building just built at a cost of about thirty-five hundred dollars and it would accommodate about fifty or sixty students. The fire is supposed to have originated from an overheated stove. Loss partially covered by insurance.

B. & O. Hauls Coal.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad recently completed up left Beaver has agreed to begin hauling coal on February 1st from the mines along the route. There are fourteen operations along said line which will be ready for shipping as soon as the railroad will receive it. This road has opened one of the richest coal fields in this section of the State.

Mr. Friend Improving.

H. H. Fitzpatrick returns from Cincinnati where he was called to the bedside of his brother-in-law, H. H. Friend. Mr. Friend is much better, his many friends are glad to learn.

Local And Personal.

Mrs. Stephen Heratt is here from Mt. Sterling, the guest of her daughter Mrs. N. M. White Jr.

E. A. Sumbro left Monday morning for Vincennes, where he will accept a position with the Elkhorn Times Mining company.

G. W. Lavin, the stock dealer at Dwell, was here Wednesday.

C. C. Roberts of Zaphoretta was in town Wednesday.

Wm. Arnett and wife of Highland, Ky. were visitors here Tuesday.

Squire John Hatcher of Dotson was here Wednesday on business.

H. H. Hubbard of Elkhorn City is the guest of his son, Grade Hubbard.

Mrs. W. Zuendorf is home after several weeks in a hospital in Cincinnati much improved, her many friends are glad to note.

Jesse T. Cottrell is home from school at Bedford City, Va.

Cook G. G. of Pittsburgh was a business caller in the city this week.

Mrs. J. D. Smith is reported on the sick list.

H. F. Patton is in Pikeville this week on business.

W. R. Allison is in Chicago on business.

C. E. Friend of Putnam, Va. was here the guest of his family Monday.

Sam Johnson of Auxler, Ky. was a business caller Wednesday.

James Collins of Garrett was in the city Wednesday.

The Red Cross held their regular weekly meeting Friday at Mr. McVey's office and quite a bit of work was accomplished.

Rev. Wm. Nesbitt and wife of McCoy, Ky. is here the guest of their daughter, Mrs. Jeff Brown.

All business houses offices and public places were closed Monday as per order of the fuel administrator.

Paintsville Items

Aged And Good Citizen Dead.

Uncle Phyno Patrick an aged and respected citizen of this county died at his home at Riceville. Mr. Patrick is said to have been the oldest man in the county at the time of his death. He was 96 years old.

Death Claims Another Good Man.

Uncle Hendon Castle an aged and good citizen of this county, died at his home at Davisville. Mr. Castle had been in had health for a number of years and his death came as a surprise to his family. He was probably one of the best known men of the county and his friends were saddened by his acquaintances. He leaves to mourn his loss, a widow, three daughters and two sons and a host of friends.

Mrs. Paul Frazier Sworn In As Court Stenographer.

Mrs. Paul Frazier was sworn in Monday as the official court stenographer to succeed Miss Anna Sinus, who recently resigned. Mrs. Frazier has served as court stenographer heretofore and is considered as one of the most efficient stenographers in the Sandy valley.—Post.

Return 7 empty Golden Dreams cans with lids to your grocer and get a one-cent can of Golden Dream coffee free. This is equal to a saving of 5 cents per pound. RETURN TO—RUBEN O. GIBSON CO. 1-18-18.

Arrangements for the early transportation of common laborers to the United States from Porto Rico are being made by the Employment Service of the Department of Labor. As soon as passage is available 50,000 others will be brought from Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

HOW PERSHING GOT INTO ARMY

Newspaper Article Leads Him to Seek Admittance to West Point.

SISTER TELLS OF HIS YOUTH

Kept Appointment to Academy Secret From Family—Head of Expeditionary Force Was of Quiet, Serious Temperament as Boy.

Lincoln, Neb.—It was a newspaper article which diverted John J. Pershing from his purpose to become a school-teacher and started him upon the military career which led to his appointment as general in the United States army and commander of the American expeditionary force in France. The story is told by General Pershing's sister, Mrs. Butler and Miss May Pershing, who are residents of Lincoln.

It was while General Pershing and his sister, now Mrs. Butler, were attending the Missouri State Normal school at Kirksville, Mo., that his attention one day was called to newspaper announcement that examinations were to be held for appointment to the West Point Military academy. Young Pershing asked his sister's advice as to whether he should try for the appointment and she advised him to do so. Then followed a short season of intensive study in preparation.

In a few days he was called before the examining board and, although improperly prepared, received the highest mark among the contestants and soon afterward was notified of his appointment. Up to this time his action



Gen. John J. Pershing.

had been a secret between his sister and himself and it remained so until he was ready to start for West Point.

Assumed Responsibility Early. As a boy General Pershing, his sisters said, was of a quiet, serious temperament, assuming, as the oldest of six children, many of the responsibilities of the family.

"John," Mrs. Butler said, "although of a quiet disposition, liked a good time and enjoyed fun as much as anyone. Yet when he started anything he wanted to get the result, and he generally attained that object before he gave it up."

After having been graduated from West Point and having served with General Miles in a campaign in New Mexico against the Indian chief Geronimo, Pershing was stationed as military instructor at the University of Nebraska. His friends there remember him as a fun-loving young man, who enjoyed music and dancing, parties and other social activities and who appreciated a good joke.

"Old Jack Best," the veteran trainer at the university, remembered Pershing intimately. "He was one of the finest men that I ever worked with," said Mr. Best. "It's true he was mighty strict with his work, but the results he got were so good that everybody he worked with loved him for it. When he was here we had a regiment the university could be proud of."

"Usually he was mighty dignified in his work, but he had a way of getting next to new men," continued Mr. Best. "The first time I ever saw him he walked right up to me, slapped me on the shoulder and said: 'Well, Jack, they tell me you got along mighty well with my predecessor. If you did, I am darned sure we'll get along just as well.'"

General Fond of Gardening. "The boys at the university got a surprise the first day Pershing drilled them," said Mr. Best. "It had been their habit before that time to come to drill with shoes blackened or not just as they pleased. When Pershing took hold the first thing he looked at was to see that all shoes were well blacked and that the heels looked as good as the toes. He was just that thorough-going in everything all the time. He was all in every way, and you can ask anyone who knew him if that isn't the gospel truth."

Odd as it may seem in a fighting man, General Pershing's one fond, according to his sisters, is gardening. His father was an expert gardener, and the taste descended to the military man. Whenever he was on leave he immediately would go working clothes and go into his father's garden, busily enjoying the work over the vegetables as much as he enjoyed social activities.

TO DO RELIEF WORK

Red Cross Trains Women for Civilian Service.

Series of Institutes in Home Science to Fit Them as Social Service Workers.

Washington.—Scientific training and efficient service are the keynotes of the civilian relief work which has just been inaugurated throughout the country by the American Red Cross. Contrary to the popular belief that most of the Red Cross is being done by untrained volunteer workers, the latest venture of the organization is characterized by a series of institutes in home science for the purpose of training women to do social service work among the families of our fighting men.

"Financial aid for the families of our soldiers and sailors is only a small part of the problem which these families will have to face," said Mrs. Walter S. Ufford, head of the District of Columbia Civilian Relief department of the Red Cross. "There is an urgent need for trained community workers who can analyze the problem of the families to be served and bring them into touch with the community resources which can help to strengthen family life. Trained workers will be required to cope with the abnormal situation in which the war has placed the wives and children of the men at the front."

The Red Cross institutes consist of a six weeks' course which follows a syllabus prepared by Porter Lee of the New York School of Philanthropy.

Particular emphasis is placed by Mrs. Ufford upon the value of the work outlined in the syllabus, not only to relieve the stress of war difficulties, but to meet the needs of reconstruction that is to follow the war. Only through scientific effort, Mrs. Ufford believes, can an adequate attempt be made to readjust the economic and social relationships when disabled soldiers and sailors come back from the front.

INVENTOR OF THE TANK



Sir William Tritton, the inventor of the British "Tank" which has been creating history on the western front and which has been a great factor in many British advances is a man of studious inclinations. In a recent interview, he stated, "The tank has not only come to stay, but if I may venture to prophesy, it is destined to play a predominant part in modern warfare." He is shown at work in his office.

HAS UNIQUE COAT OF ARMS

Washington Woman Uses 25,000 Canceled Postage Stamps in Making It.

Aberdeen, Wash.—Twenty-five thousand canceled postage stamps, representing 18 administrations, have been used by Mrs. Sarah Erickson, of this city, to make a government coat of arms. The stamps were gathered in the last 25 years.

The coat of arms represents an American eagle with outspread wings and below it are five spears and a shield. Three stamps are from the George Washington administration. A lodge has offered Mrs. Erickson \$2,000 for the picture, but she has refused it. She still is gathering stamps for the completion of the work. She will add the words "Liberty" and "E Pluribus Unum."